\section*{B.Com (CS) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2019 CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP FOURTH SEMESTER PRACTICALS - SET C \\ | COURSE | $:$ | ALLIED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PAPER | $:$ | BUSINESS ANALYSIS USING COMPUTERS |
| TIME | $:$ | 3 HOURS |}

## Section A

Answer the following:

1) From the following profit and loss account prepare a common size income statement:

| Particulars | Year ending <br> 31.12.2016 <br> Rs. | Year ending <br> 31.12.2017 <br> Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sales | 250000 | 375000 |
| Cost of Sales | 200000 | 300000 |
| Operating expenses | 25000 | 40000 |
| Non-operating expenses | 25000 | 35000 |

2) Construct 7 -yearly moving average for the given data using MS Excel:

| Years | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Values | 20 | 34 | 24 | 50 | 78 | 108 | 140 | 174 | 210 | 200 | 164 |

3) Rao makes an initial deposit of Rs. 60,000 in Laxmi Bank Ltd. Interest is compounded at $9 \%$ p.a. for 5 years. Compute the amount of maturity if interest is compounded (a) annually (b) compounded half-yearly.
4) The following data relate to inputs and labour productivity. Calculate Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation using SPSS.

| 1) Inputs | 40 | 24 | 36 | 40 | 48 | 52 | 44 | 36 | 40 | 24 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2)Labour <br> Productivity | 36 | 16 | 24 | 36 | 44 | 52 | 32 | 16 | 36 | 16 |

## Section B

## Answer the following:

$(4 \times 10=40)$
5) The expenses for budgeted production of 5,000 units in a factory are furnished below:

| Particulars | Per unit |
| :--- | :---: |
| Material | 35 |
| Labour | 10 |
| Variable overheads | 10 |
| Fixed overheads (50,000) | 10 |
| Variable expenses (Direct) | 5 |
| Selling expenses (10\% fixed) | 10 |
| Distribution expenses (20\% fixed) | 5 |
| Administration expenses (Rs. 25,000) | 5 |
| Total cost per unit | 90 |

Prepare a budget for production of 6,000 units. Calculate the cost per unit.
6) Tests were made at short intervals on spark plugs from two manufacturers. The following table gives the number of hours of service given by plugs from two sources:

| A | 200 | 210 | 190 | 200 | 190 | 200 | 180 | 200 | 200 | 210 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | 190 | 200 | 210 | 190 | 180 | 190 | 200 | 192 |  |  |

Test whether the results indicate a statistical significant difference between the spark plugs using SPSS.
7) Journalize the following transaction in the books of Krishna Enterprise:

Feb 1 Mr. Krishna Invested 4, 00,000 as capital
3 Purchased Goods from S.K creation on credit 2, 00,000
4 Stationery purchased for 1,000
5 Goods sold to Indian cotton for Credit 45,000
7 Cash withdrawn 5,000
9 Computer purchased from computer solutions 30,000
10 Paid commission 500
11 Opened a bank account and deposited Rs. 15,000
12 Cashsales 25,000
13 Cash Received from Indian cotton 25,000
8) A company wants to invest in a project costing Rs. 50,000 . The project has a useful life of 5years with no salvage value. The company's tax rate is $35 \%$. The estimated cash flows before tax (CFBT) from the proposed investment proposals are as follows:

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CFBT | 10,000 | 10,692 | 12,769 | 13,462 | 20,385 |

Compute the (a) Internal Rate of Return (b) Net Present Value at $10 \%$ discount rate using Ms Excel.

## Section C

## Answer the following:

$$
(2 \times 20=40)
$$

9) From the following trial balance of Lakshman, prepare Trading, Profit \& Loss Account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2018 and a Balance Sheet as on that date:

| Particulars | Dr. <br> Rs. | Cr. <br> Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital |  | 120000 |
| Drawings | 14400 |  |
| Stock, ${ }^{\text {st }}$ January 2018 | 41000 |  |
| Purchases | 136000 |  |
| Carriage inwards | 3000 |  |
| Sales | 47000 | 281000 |
| Sundry Debtors |  | 28600 |
| Sundry Creditors | 1000 |  |
| Cash in Hand | 4400 |  |
| Cash in Bank | 3400 |  |
| Carriage Outwards | 8000 |  |
| Salaries | 10600 |  |
| Factory Rent |  | 10400 |
| Bills Receivable | 2400 |  |
| Bill Payable |  |  |
| Insurance |  |  |


| Furniture | 20000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Machinery | 56000 |  |
| Office Rent | 4000 |  |
| Manufacturing Wages | 43000 |  |
| Manufacturing Expenses | 3000 |  |
| General Expenses | 10800 |  |
|  | 440000 | 440000 |

The following adjustments are required：
（a）Stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 1991 amounted to Rs．54，000．
（b）Unexpired Insurance Rs． 600
（c）Depreciate Machinery by 5\％and Furniture by $10 \%$ Prepare final accounts using Tally．

10）From the data given below find the two regression equations using MS Excel：

| Sales（Rs．Crores） | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 48 | 60 | 64 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adv．Exp．（Rs．Lakhs） | 104 | 124 | 130 | 140 | 152 | 160 | 156 |

