STELLA MARIS COLLEGE, (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI-86
(For candidates admitted during the academic year 2015-16 and thereafter)

## SUBJECT CODE: 15CM/ME/AA55

## B.COM DEGREE EXAMINATION - NOVEMBER 2018 <br> COMMERCE <br> FIFTH SEMESTER

## COURSE : MAJOR ELECTIVE <br> PAPER : AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING PRACTICES - PRACTICAL I <br> TIME <br> 2 HOURS <br> SECTION - A

MAX. MARKS: 60
I. Answer all the following questions:
$(6 \times 5=30)$

1. Pass Voucher entries with the information given below and show the stock summary:
a. Mr. Rahul started business with cash Rs. 3,00,000
b. Purchased 20 cricket bats @ Rs. 5,000 each for cash
c. Purchased 20 cricket bats @ Rs. 5,000 each from David
d. Sold 36 bats @ Rs. 6000 each for cash
e. Paid Salaries Rs. 1,000 \& Rent Rs. 1,000
2. Using Excel, prepare a comparative income statement of Vinayaka Travels Ltd., for the years ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2006 and 2007 from the following:
20062007

Rs.
Rs.

| Purchases less returns | 80,000 | $1,50,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Other direct expenses | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| Sales | $1,80,000$ | $2,60,000$ |
| Office expenses | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Selling expenses | 10,000 | 15,000 |
| Finance expenses | 10,000 | 8,000 |
| Profit | 40,000 | 12,000 |

3. From the following details, ascertain Net Profit before Tax and extraordinary items for the year 2009:

|  | 2008 | 2009 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Rs. | Rs. |
| General Reserve | $2,00,000$ | $3,50,000$ |
| Profit and Loss Account | $1,50,000$ | $2,40,000$ |
| Proposed Dividend | $2,10,000$ | $2,50,000$ |
| Provision for Taxation | $2,00,000$ | $2,50,000$ |

An interim dividend of Rs. 1,00,000 was paid during 2009. Income Tax paid in 2009 was Rs. 1,75,000. A compensation of Rs. 1,30,000 was received from government on account of riots.
4. Find trend by three-yearly moving average for the following data:

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Output of Tea | 1632 | 1557 | 1652 | 2100 | 2620 | 3120 | 3236 | 3562 |

(tones)
5. Given below are the figures of sales (in ' 000 rupees) of a certain shop:

| Year | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 125 | 128 | 133 | 135 | 140 | 141 | 143 |

Fit a straight line trend.
6. Calculate the Internal Rate of Return.

| Initial Outlay | Rs. $3,00,000$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Life of the asset | 6 years |
| Estimated Cash Inflow | Rs. 60,000 |

## SECTION - B

## II. Answer all the following questions:

7. From the following Trial Balance prepare Trading, Profit and Loss account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2014 and Balance Sheet on that date:

| Paticulars | Debit <br> Rs. | Credit <br> Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Drawings | 10,000 |  |
| Opening Stock | 46,000 |  |
| Purchase and Purchase Returns | $1,50,000$ | 600 |
| Cash in hand | 3,400 |  |
| Bank Balance | 22,660 |  |
| Freehold Premises | 38,600 |  |
| Trade expenses | 840 |  |
| Printing, Stationery \& | 1,640 |  |
| Advertising | 280 |  |
| Professional Charges |  | 3,300 |
| Commission Received | 4,000 |  |
| Investment as on 1st Jan @ 10\% |  | 200 |
| Interest on Deposits | 36,000 | 29,000 |
| Sundry Debtors \& Creditors | 25,000 |  |
| Wages | 14,000 |  |
| Salaries |  |  |


| Rent, Rates \& Insurance | 4,000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital |  | $1,14,700$ |
| Income Tax | 1,600 |  |
| Discount allowed and received | 6,300 | 4600 |
| Sales \& Sales Returns | 500 | $2,08,000$ |
| Bills Receivable \& Bills Payable | 3,200 | 10,000 |
| Office Furniture | $3,, 050$ |  |
| Bad Debts Provision |  | 670 |
|  | $3,71,070$ | $3,71,070$ |

Adjustments:

1. Provide for outstanding wages Rs. 5,000
2. Write off $5 \%$ depreciation on freehold premises and $10 \%$ on office furniture
3. Insurance to the extent of Rs. 200 belongs to 2015
4. Closing stock as on 31.12 .2014 Rs. 50,000
5. Charge interest on capital @ 5\%
6. The following table gives the aptitude test scores and productivity indices of 10 workers selected at random:

| Aptitude | Index | 60 | 62 | 65 | 70 | 72 | 48 | 53 | 73 | 65 | 82 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Productivity | Index | 68 | 60 | 62 | 80 | 85 | 40 | 52 | 62 | 60 | 81 |

Calculate the two regression equations and estimate the productivity index of a worker whose test score is 92 .

