STELLA MARIS COLLEGE, (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI-86 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2015-16 and thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: 15CM/ME/AA55

B.COM DEGREE EXAMINATION – NOVEMBER 2018 COMMERCE FIFTH SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR ELECTIVE

PAPER : AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING PRACTICES – PRACTICAL I

TIME : 2 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 60

SECTION - A

I. Answer all the following questions:

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

- 1. Pass Voucher entries with the information given below and show the stock summary:
 - a. Mr. Rahul started business with cash Rs. 3,00,000
 - b. Purchased 20 cricket bats @ Rs. 5,000 each for cash
 - c. Purchased 20 cricket bats @ Rs. 5,000 each from David
 - d. Sold 36 bats @ Rs. 6000 each for cash
 - e. Paid Salaries Rs. 1,000 & Rent Rs. 1,000
- 2. Using Excel, prepare a comparative income statement of Vinayaka Travels Ltd., for the years ending 31st March 2006 and 2007 from the following:

	2006	2007
	Rs.	Rs.
Purchases less returns	80,000	1,50,000
Other direct expenses	20,000	50,000
Sales	1,80,000	2,60,000
Office expenses	20,000	25,000
Selling expenses	10,000	15,000
Finance expenses	10,000	8,000
Profit	40,000	12,000

3. From the following details, ascertain Net Profit before Tax and extraordinary items for the year 2009:

	2008	2009
	Rs.	Rs.
General Reserve	2,00,000	3,50,000
Profit and Loss Account	1,50,000	2,40,000
Proposed Dividend	2,10,000	2,50,000
Provision for Taxation	2,00,000	2,50,000

An interim dividend of Rs. 1,00,000 was paid during 2009. Income Tax paid in 2009 was Rs. 1,75,000. A compensation of Rs. 1,30,000 was received from government on account of riots.

4. Find trend by three-yearly moving average for the following data:

Year 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Output of Tea 1632 1557 1652 2100 2620 3120 3236 3562 (tones)

5. Given below are the figures of sales (in '000 rupees) of a certain shop:

 Year
 2002
 2003
 2004
 2005
 2006
 2007
 2008

 Sales
 125
 128
 133
 135
 140
 141
 143

Fit a straight line trend.

6. Calculate the Internal Rate of Return.

Initial Outlay Rs. 3,00,000 Life of the asset 6 years Estimated Cash Inflow Rs. 60,000

SECTION – B

II. Answer all the following questions:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

7. From the following Trial Balance prepare Trading, Profit and Loss account for the year ended 31st December 2014 and Balance Sheet on that date:

Paticulars	Debit	Credit	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Drawings	10,000		
Opening Stock	46,000		
Purchase and Purchase Returns	1,50,000	600	
Cash in hand	3,400		
Bank Balance	22,660		
Freehold Premises	38,600		
Trade expenses	840		
Printing, Stationery &	1,640		
Advertising			
Professional Charges	280		
Commission Received		3,300	
Investment as on 1st Jan @ 10%	4,000		
Interest on Deposits		200	
Sundry Debtors & Creditors	36,000	29,000	
Wages	25,000		
Salaries	14,000		

Rent, Rates & Insurance	4,000	
Capital		1,14,700
Income Tax	1,600	
Discount allowed and received	6,300	4600
Sales & Sales Returns	500	2,08,000
Bills Receivable & Bills Payable	3,200	10,000
Office Furniture	3,,050	
Bad Debts Provision		670
	3,71,070	3,71,070

Adjustments:

- 1. Provide for outstanding wages Rs. 5,000
- 2. Write off 5% depreciation on freehold premises and 10% on office furniture
- 3. Insurance to the extent of Rs. 200 belongs to 2015
- 4. Closing stock as on 31.12.2014 Rs. 50,000
- 5. Charge interest on capital @ 5%
- 8. The following table gives the aptitude test scores and productivity indices of 10 workers selected at random:

Aptitude	Index 60	62	65	70	72	48	53	73	65	82
Productivity	Index 68	60	62	80	85	40	52	62	60	81

Calculate the two regression equations and estimate the productivity index of a worker whose test score is 92.
