STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2015-16 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE : 15MT/PE/FT14

M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018 **BRANCH I – MATHEMATICS** FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE : ELECTIVE PAPER : FUZZY SET THEORY AND APPLICATIONS TIME : 3 HOURS **MAX. MARKS : 100**

SECTION – A

Answer all the questions:

- 1. For $\alpha \in [0,1]$, define α -cut and strong α -cut of a fuzzy set A in X. Also write the inclusion relationship between them.
- 2. Define the domain of a fuzzy relation R(X, Y).
- 3. Prove that every fuzzy complement has at most one equilibrium.
- 4. Check whether the function given by $A(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x & \text{if } 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

is a fuzzy number.

5. Write any two advantages of fuzzy logic controller

SECTION - B

Answer any five questions:

6. Order the fuzzy sets defined by the following membership grade functions(assuming $(x \ge 0)$ by the inclusion (\subset) relation:

 $A(x) = \frac{1}{(1+10x)}$, $B(x) = \left(\frac{1}{1+10x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, $C(x) = \left(\frac{1}{1+10x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

- 7. Let $f: X \to Y$ be an arbitrary crisp function. Then for any $A \in \mathcal{F}(X)$, f fuzzified by the extension principle satisfies the equation $f(A) = \bigcup_{\alpha \in [0,1]} f(_{\alpha+}A)$.
- 8. State and prove all the properties satisfied by arithmetic operations on closed interval.

5×6=30

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

9. Let *A* and *B* be triangular fuzzy numbers defined as follows:

$$A(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \le -1 \text{ and } x > 3\\ (x+1)/2 & \text{if } -1 \le x \le 1\\ (3-x)/2 & \text{if } 1 < x \le 3 \end{cases} \text{ and } B(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x \le 1 \text{ and } x > 5\\ (x-1)/2 & \text{if } 1 < x \le 3\\ (5-x)/2 & \text{if } 3 < x \le 5 \end{cases}$$

Find the sum A + B and the difference A - B of the fuzzy numbers A and B.

- 10. Explain the methods of designing fuzzy controller.
- 11. The fuzzy relation R is defined on sets $X_1 = \{a, b, c\}, X_2 = \{s, t\}, X_3 = \{x, y\},$ $X_4 = \{i, j\}$ as follows: $R(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) = \frac{.4}{b}, t, y, i + \frac{.6}{a}, s, x, i + \frac{.9}{b}, s, y, i + \frac{1}{b}, s, y, j + \frac{.6}{a}, t, y, j + \frac{.2}{c}, s, y, i$ compute the projections $R_{1,2,4}, R_{1,3} \& R_4$ also the cylindric extensions $[R_{1,2,4} \uparrow \{X_3\}]$,

 $[R_{1,3} \uparrow \{X_2, X_4\}], [R_4 \uparrow \{X_1, X_2, X_3\}].$

12. Find the solution of the fuzzy equation $A \cdot X = B$, where A and B are fuzzy numbers on R^+ given as follows.

$$A(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x \le 3 \text{ and } x > 5 \\ x - 3 & \text{for } 3 < x \le 4 \\ 5 - x & \text{for } 4 < x \le 5 \end{cases}$$
$$B(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x \le 12 \text{ and } x > 32 \\ (x - 12)/8 & \text{for } 12 < x \le 20 \\ (32 - x)/12 & \text{for } 20 < x \le 32 \end{cases}$$

SECTION - C

Answer any three questions:

- 13. (a) For any pair of fuzzy subsets *A* and *B* of a universal set *X*, define the degree of subsethood *S*(*A*, *B*) and prove that $S(A, B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|A|}$.
 - (b) Let f: X→Y be a crisp function. Then for any fuzzy subset A of X and for α ∈ [0, 1]. Prove that ^α[f(A)]⊇f(^αA). Is the reverse side inclusion true? Justify your answer.

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3×20=60

14. Let $f: X \to Y$ be a crisp function. Then for any $A_i \in F(X)$ and $B_i \in F(Y)$, prove the following properties obtained by the extension principle.

(i)
$$f(A) = \phi$$
 iff $A = \phi$.
(ii) If $A_1 \subseteq A_2$ then $f(A_1) \subseteq f(A_2)$
(iii) If $B_1 \subseteq B_2$ then $f^{-1}(B_1) \subseteq f^{-1}(B_2)$
(iv) $f(\bigcup_{i \in I} A_i) = \left(\bigcup_{i \in I} f(A_i)\right)$.
(iv) $f^{-1}(\bigcup_{i \in I} B_i) = \left(\bigcup_{i \in I} f^{-1}(B_i)\right)$.

- 15. Prove that (a) u(a, b) = max(a, b) is the only continuous and idempotent fuzzy set union; (b) i(a, b) = min(a, b) is the only continuous and idempotent fuzzy set intersection.
- 16. Define the basic operation of addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication(.) and division(/) of fuzzy numbers A and B. Further, prove that if A and B are continuous fuzzy numbers, prove that A*B is a continuous fuzzy number, where * ∈{+,-,.,/}.
- 17. Discuss how fuzzy logic control is used in medical industry.