

COURSE : MAJOR CORE

PAPER : MULTIPLE INTEGRALS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

TIME : 3 HOURS

MAX. MARKS : 100

SECTION A

Answer All Questions:

10 x 2 = 20

1. Evaluate : $\int_0^2 \int_0^y (x + y) dx dy$.
2. Integrate : $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 \int_0^3 xyz dx dy dz$.
3. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\cos\theta} r dr d\theta$.
4. Given $x = r \cos\theta$, $y = r \sin\theta$, find $\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(r,\theta)}$.
5. Using Beta and Gamma functions , evaluate $\int_0^1 x^4 (1-x)^5 dx$.
6. Define : Gamma function .
7. Derive the formula for $L(e^{-at})$.
8. Find : $L(t^3 - 2t + 5)$.
9. Evaluate : $L(te^{-5t})$.
10. Find : $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^4}\right)$.

SECTION B

Answer Any Five Questions:

5 x 8 = 40

11. Evaluate $\int \int xy dx dy$ taken over the positive quadrant of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.
12. Given that $x + y = u$, $y = uv$, change the variables to u , v in the integral.
 $\int \int [xy(1-x-y)]^{\frac{1}{2}} dx dy$ taken over the area of the triangle with sides
 $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x + y = 1$ and evaluate it.
13. Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$.
14. Find $L[f(t)]$ where $f(t) = 0$, $0 < t \leq 2$
 $= 3$, $t > 2$
15. Using Laplace Transforms, evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-2t}}{t} dt$.
16. Change the order of integration in the integral $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dx dy$ and evaluate it.
17. Evaluate : $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{s^2 + 2s + 5}\right)$.

SECTION C

Answer Any Two Questions:

2 x 20= 40

18. (a) Evaluate $\int \int \int xyz \, dx dy dz$ taken through the positive octant of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.

(b) Evaluate $\int \int r \sqrt{a^2 - r^2} \, dr d\theta$ over the upper half of the circle $r = a \cos \theta$.
(10 + 10)

19. (a) State and prove the relation between Beta and Gamma functions.

(b) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2 \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$.
(10 + 10)

20. (a) Find $L(\sin^2 2t)$.

(b) Evaluate : $L(t \cos 3t)$

(c) Using Laplace Transforms solve :

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - 10 \frac{dy}{dt} + 24y = 24 \text{ given } y(0) = 0, y^1(0) = 0.$$

(5 + 5 + 10)

