STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2015-16)

SUBJECT CODE: 15CH/MC/IC64

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018 BRANCH IV - CHEMISTRY SIXTH SEMESTER

COURSE **MAJOR-CORE PAPER INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III** TIME 3 HOURS **MAX. MARKS: 100** SECTION - A ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS. (30x1=30)I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER: 1. d-block elements in the periodic table can be referred as (a) Transition elements (b) Alkali elements (c) Alkali earth elements (d) Actinides 2. Central metal ion present in Hemoglobin is (a) Copper (d) Sodium (b) Iron (c) Zinc 3. The Coordination number for Fe²⁺ ion is (a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 6(d) 04. The charge of Cobalt ion in the complex [Co(NH₃)₆]Cl₃ is (b) 4+(a) 3+(c) 5+(d) 6+5. Total hardness of water can be determined by using standard solution of (c) NaOH (a) DMG (b) EDTA (d) HCl 6. The shape of $[Cr(NH_3)_4Cl_2]^+$ is (a) Linear (b) Trigonal (c) Octahedral (d) Squar planar 7. Which of the following is a radio active metal (a) Pu (b) Fe (c) Zn (d) Hg 8. ____ metal can be extacted from monazite ore (a) Tungsten (b) Thorium (c) Tin (d) Titanium 9. Fe + CO The product formed in the above reaction is (a) $Fe(CO)_3$ (b) Fe(CO)₄ (c) $Fe(CO)_5$ (d) $Fe(CO)_6$ 10. Cyclopentadiene ligand is present in -----(a) Myoglobin (b) Alizarin (c) Cupferon (d) Ferrocene II. FILL IN THE BLANKS: 11. $2MnO_4^- + 16H^+ + 5C_2O_4^2 \rightarrow 2Mn^{2+} + 8H_2O + ----$ 12. Zinc metal ion play vital role for proper functioning of -----. 13. Nomenclature of $K_3[Fe(CN)_6]$ coordination complex is -----

- 14. [Co(NH₃)₅Br]SO₄ and [Co(NH₃)₅ SO₄]Br Complexes are the example for -----isomerism.
- 15. Ni²⁺ metal ion can be quantitatively precipitated by using ----- solution.
- 16. Ferroin is a ----- indicator.
- 17. ----- Chromotography can be used for separation of lanthanides.

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- 18. U²³⁵ is ----- active metal.
- 19. $Ni(CO)_4 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow NiSO_4 + \cdots + \cdots$
- 20. The shape of Ni(CO)₄ is -----.

III. MATCH THE FOLLOWING:

21. CrO₃/ H₃O⁺

22. Ethylene diamine

23. Crystal field splitting

24. Uranium

25. Buyl lithium

- Bidentate ligand

- Pitch blende

Oxidising reagent

Highly basic compound

Low and high spin complex

IV. ANSWER IN ONE OR TWO SENTENCES:

- 26. Why Ti²⁺ is purple in colour but Ti⁴⁺ is colourless?
- 27. Write an example for polydentate ligand.
- 28. What is the respective central metal ion oxidation state, co-ordination number and the over all charge on the complex $NH_4[Cr(NH_3)_2(NCS)_4]$?
- 29. Write the general electronic configuration for lanthanides.
- 30. Does Fe₂(CO)₉ contain Fe-Fe bond? Write the structure.

SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:

(5x6 = 30)

- 31. Write in detail about general electronic configuration, magnetic and chemical properties of transition metals.
- 32. What are the different types of ligands in a coordination complex? Write an example for each one.
- 33. Write a note on linkage, ionisation, and hydrate isomerism that exhibited by coordination complex.
- 34. What is spectrochemical series for ligands? How it can be used to predict whether the given complex is low or high spin?
- 35. Write the applications of the following compounds in quantitative analysis.
 - (i) Dimethyl glyoxime
- (ii) Ferroin
- (iii) EDTA
- 36. Explain about lanthanide contraction and its consequences.
- 37. Write the preparation and structure of Ferrocene.

SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:	(2x20 = 40)
38. (a) Write a note on the biological role of Fe and Zn metals.	(10)
(b) Explain about the geometrical and optical isomerism exhibited	by six
coordinate complexes.	(10)
39. State and explain about	
(a) Sidgwick effective atomic number rule.	(10)
(b) Crystal field theory of coordination complex.	(10)
40. (a) Explain about the extraction of thorium from monazite and ura	nium from
pitchblende.	(10)
(b) Write the preparation, any two chemical properties and structure	re of Ni
and Fe carbonyls.	(10)
