SUBJECT CODE: CH/PC/OM24
M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2007 BRANCH IV- CHEMISTRY

SECOND SEMESTER
REG.NO $\qquad$
COURSE : MAJOR CORE
PAPER : ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM
TIME

## SECTION - A

## TO BE ANSWERED ON THE QUESTION PAPER ITSELF.

Answer all the questions.
(20 $\times 1=20$ )

## Choose the correct answer:

1. Which of the following is antiaromatic
a) cycloocta tetraene
b) 1,3 - butadiene
c) 11
d) 4
2. In which of the following some $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bonds have $75 \%=$ character and $25 \%$ single bond character and some other C-C bonds have $75 \%$ simple bond character and $25 \%$ double bond character?
a)

b)

c)

d)

3. Which of the following molecules is not planar?
a)

b)

c)

d)

4. Which of the following is not true?
a) An einstein represents the energy of $6.02 \times 10^{23}$.
b) Only light absorbed by a molecule is effective in producing a chemical change.
c) Inherent phosphorescence life time is $10^{-9}$ to $10^{-6} \mathrm{sec}$ and inherent fluorescence life time is $10^{-3}$ to 10 sec .
d) Benzophenone converts completely from $\mathrm{S}_{2}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ by ISC.
5. Which of the following is not an intermediate in Reimer-Tiemann reaction using $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ and aq. NaOH
a)

b)

c)

d)

6. The starting materials for the formation of $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{COOEt}$ by Reformatsky reaction are
$\mathrm{OH} \quad \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}$
a) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br})-\mathrm{COOC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br})-\mathrm{COOC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}$
c) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CO}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br})-\mathrm{COOMe}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CHO}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CO}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
7. Which of the following do not represent correct Birch reduction major products?
a)

b)

c)

d)


8. Which of the following has a net dipole moment?
a)

b)

c)

d)

9. Which of the following reactions does not show the major product?
a)



b)


c)


d)

10. Which of the following does not show the major product?

b)

c)


d)



## Fill in the blanks:

11. Structure of 18 - annulene is:
12. 

 has a $\qquad$ dipole moment than

13. Indene
 is $\qquad$ acidic than cyclopentadiene.
14.


In the reaction shown there is a supra $\qquad$ shift.
15. The product formed when $\quad$ is treated with $\mathrm{H}^{+}$is $\qquad$

## Give the answer in one or two lines:

16. Write the structure of product; what is the type of cleavage?


$$
\xrightarrow[\text { Rdn }]{h \gamma} \text { ? }
$$

17. Write the structure of the product with proper stereochemistry.

18. Write the structure of the product when diethyladipate is treated with $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{ONa}$.
19. Write the structure of the intermediate formed when mesitylene is treated with $\mathrm{HBF}_{4}$.
20. 



Classify this reaction as $(i+j)$ cycloaddition.

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## COURSE : MAJOR CORE <br> PAPER : ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM <br> TIME : 2 HOURS \& 30 MINS

MAX. MARKS: 80

## SECTION - B

## ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:

1. a) What is Hammet equation. Explain the terms. How is $\sigma$ determined?
b) For $-\ddot{\mathrm{O}}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ group $\sigma_{m}=+0.12$ and $\sigma_{p}=-0.27$; what does it signify.
c) Predict $\rho$ as +ve or -ve for the following reactions.
i) ionization of $\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}$ in liquid $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Will $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{R}$ group aid the reaction?
ii) addition of HCN to benzaldetyole in ethanol at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Will a -R group aid the reaction?
2. a) Explain:
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{Br}$ on treatment with $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{ONa}$ forms $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$.
When $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OD}$ was used as the solvent there was no isotopic exchange. Why?
Writing the mechanism explain the order.
b)
 and
 are mixed and treated with $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ and NaOH .

What are the products formed? What is the product NOT formed? What is the significance?
3. How will you synthesise the following from suitable starting materials.
a) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}$ using Wittig olefination.
b)

4.

and
 aromatic?

Explain the direction of their dipole moment.
b) Rates of acetolysis of I, II and III are 1:13:148. What is the significance?


I


II


III

$$
\mathrm{Ar}=-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{NO}_{2}
$$

5. a) Explain the formation of products with mechanism when threo-3-bromo-2-butanol is treated with HBr .
b)


Relative rates of reaction

$$
\underset{79,000}{\mathrm{G}}=\underset{1.0}{\operatorname{trans} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\stackrel{\mathrm{S}}{\mathrm{~S}}-\gg{ }_{10}^{\mathrm{H}} \gg{ }_{0.16}^{\text {Cis }} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\ddot{\mathrm{S}}-}
$$

Giving the mechanism, explain the difference in rates.
6. Predict the major product.
a)

$\xrightarrow[\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}]{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}}$ ?
b)


c)

d) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COCH}_{3} \xrightarrow{\text { base }}$ ?
7. Explain with mechanism; give one example.
a) Norrish Type II cleavage
b) di-pimethane rearrangement

## SECTION -C

## ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:

8. Giving the mechanism, explain the following reactions with one example.
a) Paterno-Buchi reaction
b) Wolff-kishner reduction
c) Chichibabin reaction
d) MPV reduction
e) Curtius rearrangement
9. a) Draw the molecular orbitals of $1,3,5$ - hexatriene. Classify each orbital as symmetric and antisymmetric with respect to ' $m$ ' and $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ symmetries.
b) Using FMO method explain the reaction

c) Using correlation diagram explain the reaction. Is it con or dis?

d) Predict the product with proper stereochemistry.
(i)


(ii)


10. a) Using FMO method explain that (4+2) cycloaddition is symmetry allowed thermally and the nature of addition is supra-supra.
b) Using correlation diagram explain the formation of $\square$ from $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$. Is it thermally or photochemically symmetry allowed?
c) How will you synthesise the following from suitable starting materials.


By Aldol type condensation.


