STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2015 – 16& thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: 15MT/PC/MA14

M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2016 BRANCH I - MATHEMATICS FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE : CORE

PAPER : MODERN ALGEBRA

TIME : 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 100

SECTION - A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS:

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. Show that the conjugacy relation defined on a group is an equivalence relation.
- 2. Define a Euclidean ring.
- 3. If f(x), g(x) are nonzero elements in F[x] then prove that $deg f(x) \le deg f(x) g(x)$.
- 4. When do you say that a root of a polynomial is of multiplicity m?
- 5. Define solvable group.

SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FIVE OUESTIONS:

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- 6. If p is a prime number and p/o(G) then prove that G has an element of order p.
- 7. Suppose that G is the internal direct product of N_1 , N_n . Then prove that for $i \neq j$, $N_i \cap N_j = (e)$, and if $a \in N_i$, $b \in N_i$ then ab = ba.
- 8. State and prove Fermat's theorem.
- 9. State and prove the Division Algorithm.
- 10. Let $f(x) \in F[x]$ be of degree $n \ge 1$. Then prove that there is an extension E of F of degree at most n! in which f(x) has n roots.
- 11. For any f(x), $g(x) \in F[x]$ and any $\alpha \in F$, prove that

(i)
$$(f(x) + g(x))' = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

(ii) $(\alpha f(x))' = \alpha f'(x)$

(iii)
$$(f(x)g(x))' = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$$

12. If K is the field of complex numbers and F is the field of real numbers, compute G(K, F) and what is the fixed field of G(K, F).

SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS:

 $(3 \times 20 = 60)$

- 13. State and prove Sylow's theorem.
- 14. a) Prove that J[i] is a Euclidean ring.
- b) Find all the units in J[i].
- c) If a + bi is not a unit of J[i] prove that $a^2 + b^2 > 1$. (12+4+4)
 - 15. a) State and prove Gauss' Lemma.
- b) State and prove The Eisentein Criterion.
- c)Prove that the polynomial $1 + x + \dots + x^{p-1}$, where p is a prime number, is irreducible over the field of rational numbers. (6+8+6)
 - 16. a) Prove that the element $a \in K$ is algebraic over F if and only if F(a) is a finite extension of F.
- b) If L is an algebraic extension of K and if K is an algebraic extension of F, then prove that L is an algebraic extension of F. (12+8)
 - 17. a) If F is of characteristic 0 and if a, b are algebraic over F, then prove that there exists an element $c \in F(a, b)$ such that F(a, b) = F(c).
- b) If K is a field and if $\sigma_1, \ldots, \sigma_n$ are distinct automorphisms of K, then prove that it is impossible to find elements a_1, \ldots, a_n , not all 0, in K such that

$$a_1 \sigma_1(u) + a_2 \sigma_2(u) + \dots + a_n \sigma_n(u) = 0 \text{ for all } u \in K.$$
 (12 + 8)

