

M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015  
BRANCH I - MATHEMATICS  
THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE : CORE  
PAPER : CONTINUUM MECHANICS  
TIME : 3 HOURS  
MAX. MARKS : 100

SECTION – A ( 5 X 2 = 10 )

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

1. Define isotropic.
2. The Lagrangian description of a deformation is given by  $x_1 = X_1 + X_3(e^2 - 1)$ ,  $x_2 = X_2 + X_3(e^2 - e^{-2})$ ,  $x_3 = X_3$ . Determine the Eulerian equation describing the motion.
3. Define steady motion.
4. Show that the material form  $d(\rho J)/dt = 0$  of the continuity equation and the spatial form  $d\rho/dt + \rho V_{u,u} = 0$  are equivalent.
5. Define orthotropic.

SECTION – B ( 5 X 6 = 30 )

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS

6. Show that the deviator stress tensor is equivalent to the superposition of five simple shear states.
7. Obtain the three Lagrangian strain invariants.
8. A continuum under goes deformation  $x_1 = X_1$ ,  $x_2 = X_2 + AX_3$ ,  $x_3 = X_3 + AX_2$  where  $A$  is a constant. Compute the deformation tensor  $G$  and use this to determine the Lagrangian finite strain Tensor  $L_G$ .
9. Show that the rate of deformation tensor is the material derivative of the Eulerian linear strain tensor.
10. A velocity field is given by  $v_1 = 4x_3 - 3x_2$ ,  $v_2 = 3x_1$ ,  $v_3 = -4x_1$ . Determine the acceleration components at  $P(b, 0, 0)$  and  $Q(0, 4b, 3b)$ .
11. Discuss Angular Momentum principle.
12. Obtain the generalized Hook's law.

## SECTION – C

( 3 X 20 = 60 )

## ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

13. The stress tensor values at a point  $P$  are given by the array

$$\varepsilon = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Determine the traction vector on the plane at  $P$  where unit normal is  $\hat{n} = (2/3)\hat{e}_1 - (2/3)\hat{e}_2 + (1/3)\hat{e}_3$
- (ii) The component perpendicular to the plane
- (iii) The magnitude of  $\begin{pmatrix} \hat{n} \\ t_i \end{pmatrix}$ .
- (iv) The angle between  $\begin{pmatrix} \hat{n} \\ t_i \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\hat{n}$ .
14. Obtain Lagrangian finite strain tensor and Eulerian finite strain tensor. Also obtain Cauchy's and Green's deformation tensor.
15. A velocity field is described by  $v_1 = x_1/(1+t)$ ,  $v_2 = 2x_2/(1+t)$ ,  $v_3 = 3x_3/(1+t)$ . Determine the acceleration components for the motion and obtain the displacement relations  $x_i = x_i(\vec{X}, t)$  are also from these determine the acceleration components in Lagrangian form for the motion.
16. In a two dimensional incompressible steady flow  $v_1 = -Ax_2/r^2$  where  $r^2 = x_1^2 + x_2^2$ . Determine  $v_2$  if  $v_2 = 0$  at  $x_1 = 0$  for all  $x_2$ . Show that the motion is irrotational and that the streamlines are circles.
17. a) Derive Hook's Law for an isotropic body in terms of Lamé's constants  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ .  
 b) With usual notations obtain  $(C_{KM})$  where  $x_1x_2$  plane is one of elastic symmetry, under the transformation  $x'_1 = x_1$ ,  $x'_2 = x_2$ ,  $x'_3 = x_3$ .



