## STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI-86 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2015-16)

SUBJECT CODE: 15CH/PC/OC14

## M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015 **BRANCH IV- CHEMISTRY** FIRST SEMESTER

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**COURSE: CORE** 

PAPER: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I

TIME : 30 MINUTES MAX.MARKS: 20

# SECTION – A

(20x1=20)

# ANSWER ON THE OUESTION PAPER ITSELF

Answer all the questions.

### I Choose the correct answer:

1. IUPAC name for the following compound is



- a) spiro[4,5]deca-1,6-diene
- b) spiro[5,4]deca-1,6-diene
- c) spiro[4,5]dodeca-1,6-diene
- d) bicycle[5.4.1]decane
- 2. The enantiomer of threo3-chlorobutan-2-ol is







- d) None of these
- 3. Which of the following compound is not aromatic?
  - a) cyclopentadienyl anion

b) tropylium cation

c) cyclopentadienyl cation

- d) pyridine
- 4. 1.3.5-cycloheptatriene can be converted to an aromatic compound by
  - a) H<sup>+</sup> abstraction
- b) H<sup>-</sup> abstraction c) H atom abstraction
- d) H<sub>2</sub> elimination
- 5. In the boat conformation of cyclohexane, the most destabilizing interaction is
  - a) eclipsing
- b) 1,3-diaxial
- c) 1,3-diequatorial
- d) flagpole-falgpole
- 6. Which of the following agents form *trans*-2-butene with 2-butyne?
  - a) H<sub>2</sub>/Pt
- b) Zn/HCl
- c) Na/Liq.NH<sub>3</sub>
- d) Lindlar' catalyst

- 7. Enantiomorphs cannot be separated by
  - a) fractional crystallization
- b) fractional distillation

c) use of enzymes

- d) chromatography by alumina
- 8. Solvolysis reaction of diastereomeric exo- and endo-2-norbornyl tosylate in acetic acid gives
  - a) exo-2-norbornyl acetate

b) endo-2-norbornyl acetate

c) both a & b

d) none of the above

			HO	$NH_2$	
	9.	The end product of the	above reaction is	HONO <sub>2</sub> Pdt	
		a) cyclohexanone	b) cycloheptanone	c) cyclopentanone	e d) cyclohexanol
	10.	. Hammett equation is a) $\rho = \sigma \log(k/k_0)$	b) $\log(k/k_0) = \sigma/\rho$	c) $\log(k/k_0) = \sigma \rho$	d) none of the above
II	Fill	in the blanks:			
	11.	. <sup>1</sup> H NMR signal of inne	er protons of annulen	e is observed in	region.
	12.	. Cyclooctatetraene is		(aromatic/anti/nor	naromatic).
	13.	. trans-1,3-dimethylcycl	obutane is optically		(active/inactive).
	14.	. In CH <sub>3</sub> C <b>H</b> <sub>2</sub> OH molecu	le, the shaded hydrog	gen is called	
	15.	. An alkene A on Cl		forms 2R,3S-2,3-	dichlorobutane. A is
	16.	The catalyst used		asymmetric epox	idation reaction is-
	17.	$(C_6H_5)_3CH_2Cl$ undergo	—· pes hydroxylation m	uch faster rate than	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Cl due to
	18.		 _ is a short-lived u	nstable molecule ir	a reaction which is
		formed in between the	reaction when reacta	nts change into prod	ucts.
	19.	. Neopentyl chloride on	hydroxylation forms		<u> </u>
	20.	. Hammett equation	fails with	aliphatic com	pounds due to

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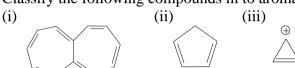
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**COURSE: CORE** 

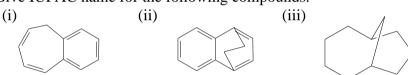
PAPER: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I

### **Answer any five questions:**

1. Classify the following compounds in to aromatic/antiaromatic/nonaromatic.



2. Give IUPAC name for the following compounds.



- 3. Discuss the optical isomerism exhibited by allenes and biphenyl derivatives.
- 4. Explain the use of chiral reagents in asymmetric synthesis using two suitable examples.
- 5. Discuss the conformation analysis of 1,2-, 1,3- and 1,4-dimethylcyclohexanes.
- 6. Apply Prelog rule for the following reaction and predict the product.

7. Explain the determination of the mechanism of a chemical reaction by isotopic labeling technique.

#### **SECTION - C**

### Answer any Two questions.

(2x20=40)

- 8. a. The proton NMR signals of [18]annulene with 6 inner protons are highly shielded (at -3 ppm) whereas dianion of [18]annulene protons are strongly deshielded (at 20.8 ppm and 29.5 ppm). Explain Why? (5)
  - b. Explain the use of chiral auxillaries in the Evan aldol synthesis. (5)
  - c. Explain Cram's rule with suitable examples. (6)
  - d. *cis*-4-*tert*-butylchlorocyclohexane eliminate HC1 much more readily than do the corresponding trans isomers. Explain why? (4)
- 9. a. Discuss the stereochemistry of the epoxidation reaction of olefins. (5)
  - b. Assign R/S notation for the following. (3)

(i) 
$$HOOC$$
  $C=C=C$   $CH_3$  (ii)  $H_3C$   $H_3C$ 

c. Apply Curtin-Hammett principle and predict the product for the following reaction.

(6)

- d. Discuss the stereochemistry of the reactions of cis- & trans-2-aminocyclohexanol with HONO. (6)
- 10. a. Explain the crossover experiment and microscopic reversibility methods of determination of mechanism of a chemical reaction. (10)
  - b. Calculate the pka value of 2,4,5-trinitrobenzoic acid from the following data. [pka of benzoic acid = 4.2,  $\sigma_{\text{p-nitro}} = 0.78$ ,  $\sigma_{\text{m-nitro}} = 0.71$ ,  $\rho_{\text{ionization}} = 2.3$ ]. (5)
  - c. Explain the influence of polar substituent in hydrolysis of ester in acidic and basic catalysts using Hammet relationship. (5)

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