## STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2011–12)

## SUBJECT CODE :11MT/ME/SM63

MAX. MARKS: 100

## B. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2015 BRANCH I – MATHEMATICS SIXTH SEMESTER

# COURSE: MAJOR ELECTIVEPAPER: SPECIAL TOPICS IN MECHANICSTIME: 3 HOURS

#### **SECTION-A**

#### **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:**

 $10 \ge 2 = 20$ 

 $5 \times 8 = 40$ 

- 1. Define: centre of mass of a system of particles.
- 2. Write the centre of mass of a triangular lamina.
- 3. What is the Cartesian equation of the common Catenary?
- 4. Prove that  $y^2 = c^2 + s^2$  for a common Catenary.
- 5. Define: impulsive force.
- 6. State Newton's Experimental Law.
- 7. State the Perpendicular Axes Theorem.
- 8. Define: radius of gyration.
- 9. Write the equation of motion for a rigid body rotating about a fixed axis.
- 10. What is the length of a simple equivalent pendulum?

#### **SECTION-B**

#### **ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:**

- 11. Determine the centre of gravity of an arc of a circle of radius  $\alpha$ , subtending an angle  $2\alpha$  at the centre.
- 12. Derive the intrinsic equation of the common catenary.
- 13. There are two equal perfectly elastic balls. One is at rest and is struck obliquely by the other. Show that after impact their directions of motion are at right angles.
- 14. A body of mass  $(m_1 + m_2)$  is split into two parts of masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  by an internal explosion which generates kinetic energy *E*. Show that if after explosion the parts move

in the same line as before, their relative speed is  $\int \frac{2\pi}{2}$ 

$$\sqrt{\frac{2E(m_1+m_2)}{m_1m_2}}$$

- 15. Find the moment of inertia of a circular plate about a tangent line.
- 16. Derive the moment of inertia of a thin uniform rod of length 2a and mass M about a line through one end and perpendicular to it.
- 17. A circular disc of mass 30 kgms and radius 1 metre is mounted axially and rotates at the rate of 100 revolutions per minute. Find the kinetic energy of rotation.

## **SECTION-C**

# ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:

18. a) Find the centre of gravity of a solid hemisphere of radius *a*.
b) A uniform chain of length 2*l* is to be suspended from two points *A* and *B* in the horizontal line so that either terminal tension is *n* times that at the lowest point.

Show that the span AB must be  $\frac{2l}{\sqrt{n^2-1}} log_e(n+\sqrt{n^2-1}).$  (10+10)

- 19. a) Find the loss in kinetic energy when there is a direct impact between two smooth elastic spheres.
  - b) A particle falls from a heights *h* upon a smooth fixed horizontal plane. If *e* be the coefficient of restitution, show that the whole distance *H* described by the particle before it has ceased to rebound is  $\left(\frac{1+e^2}{1-e^2}\right)h$  and that the time *T* that

elapses is 
$$\left\{\frac{2h}{g}\right\}^{1/2} \frac{1+e}{1-e}$$
. (10+10)

20. a) Find the moment of inertia of a solid right circular cone of height *h* and semi vertical $\alpha$  about its axis.

b) Prove that in a compound pendulum, the centres of suspension and oscillation are reversible. (10+10)

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2 X20 = 40