# STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 086.

(For candidates admitted from the academic year 2004-05 & thereafter)

# **SUBJECT CODE: PH/AO/BD23**

# **B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2007**

# **SECOND SEMESTER**

REG. No.

**COURSE ALLIED - OPTIONAL** 

PAPER **BASIC DIGITAL ELECTRONICS** 

MAX. MARKS: 30 TIME 30 MINS.

**SECTION - A** 

# TO BE ANSWERED IN THE QUESTION PAPER ITSELF

# **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS: CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:**

 $(30 \times 1 = 30)$ 

- The logic A+ $\overline{A}$  is 1.
  - a) 1

Ι

- b) 0
- d) -1
- The logic F.  $\overline{F}$  is 2.
  - a) 0
- b) 1 c) ½
- 3. The number of states in a counter using 'n' flip flops is
  - a) 2<sup>n</sup> inputs
- b)  $2^{n-1}$
- c)  $2^{n/2}$
- d)  $2^{n-3}$

- $A \oplus B$  represents 4.
  - a) A OR B
- b) A AND B
- c) A EX OR B
- d) A NOR B

- 5. RAM represents
  - a) Random Access Memory
- b) Random memory

c) Random choice

- d) Random memory access.
- 6. J=1 K=1 the flip flop is in
  - a) Race condition
- b) toggles
- c) fuzzy
- d) don't care

- 7. ROM is
  - a) Volatile memory

b) non Volatile memory

c) random memory

d) Read Only Memory

- 8. Monolithic circuit means
  - a) single stone
- b) double stone
- c) stone
- d) single circuit.

- 9. SOP means
  - a) Standard of product
  - c) sum of product

- b) product of sum
- d) sum of progress.

- 10. The process of selection a memory cell is called
  - a) selection
- b) retreval
- c) addressing
- d) storing

- 11.  $\overline{A}$  means

  - a) complement b) in complement
- c) negation
- d) plus

- 12. Sio<sub>2</sub> layer means
- a) silicon dioxide b) silicon oxygen c) silicon trioxide d) silicon layer

13.

The output of this gate is

- b)  $\overline{B}$

- $\overline{ABC}$  is equivalent to 14.
  - a)  $\overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}$
- b) ABC
- c)  $\overline{A}$  BC
- d) A+B+C

- 15. represents
  - a) common emitter transistor
- b) common base

c) common collector

d) common source

- $A\overline{A}$  is 16.
  - a) 0
- b) 1
- c) -1

- 17. Printer is
  - a) Output device
- b) Input device c) phripheral
- d) None

- 18. The output of
  - a) *A.B*
- b) A.B
- c) A+B
- d) A + B

- 19. LCD is
  - a) Liquid crystal Display
- b) Liquid Display

c) crystal Display

d) Liquid credit display

- 20. OS is
  - a) operating system

b) operating switch

c) operating sensor

d) operating selector

# II FILL IN THE BLANKS:

- 21. The value of  $\bar{1} + \bar{1}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 22. Complemented form of A+B is
- 23.  $\stackrel{A}{=}$  The output of this circuit is
- 24. CRT means \_\_\_\_\_
- 25.  $\overline{A+B} = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ theorem

# III ANSWER BRIEFLY:

- 26. What are flip-flops?
- 27. What are K maps?
- 28. What is masking?
- 29. What is computer?
- 30. Draw the truth table for EX OR gate.

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TIME : 2½ HOURS MAX. MARKS: 70

### **SECTION - B**

# **ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS**

(5x6=30)

- 1. Explain the working of logic gates
- 2. Simplify  $\overline{ABC} + (\overline{M+N+O})$  and draw logic gates
- 3. Simply the K-Map.  $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (1,3,5,7,14,10) \ d(11,15)$
- 4. Explain Half adder.
- 5. Explain the use of Integrated chips
- 6. Explain architecture of computer.
- 7. Explain operating system.

### **SECTION - C**

# **ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS**

(2x20=40)

- 8. Explain Demorgan's theorem. Verify it using Truth Table. Mention its application
- 9. Explain IC fabrications. Mention its application
- 10. Explain a) RAM and ROM with application
  - b) Write note on floppy disk.
- 11. Give the History, classification and major components of computer with applications.

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