## SUBJECT CODE : PH/AC/GP42

## B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2007 <br> BRANCH IV - CHEMISTRY FOURTH SEMESTER

REG. No. $\qquad$

| COURSE | $:$ | ALLIED - CORE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PAPER | $:$ | GENERAL PHYSICS - II |
| TIME | $:$ | 30 MINS |

## SECTION - A

## TO BE ANSWERED IN THE QUESTION PAPER ITSELF

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:
$(30 \times 1=30)$
I CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. If the distance ' $x$ ' between two point charges is doubled, the electrostatic force $F$ between them becomes
a) 2 F
b) $\mathrm{F} / 2$
c) $\mathrm{F} / 4$
2. If ' $r$ ' is the distance of a point $P$ from a cylindrical charge distribution, the electric field at P is proportional to
a) $1 / \mathrm{r}$
b) $1 / r^{2}$
c) $1 / \mathrm{r}^{3}$
3. The work done per unit charge is
a) electric field
b) electric force
c) electric potential
4. The capacitance of a parallel capacitor is 400 pico farad and its plates are separated by 2 mm of air. If it is charged to a potential of 1500 volts, the charge on the capacitor is
a) $9 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{C}$
b) $8 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{C}$
c) $6 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{C}$
5. The unit of magnetic induction is
a) Weber
b) weber $\mathrm{m}^{-2}$
c) weber $\mathrm{m}^{2}$
6. The ratio of magnetization M to the magnetic field intensity H is called
a) magnetic susceptibility
b) magnetic permeability
c) magnetic retentivity
7. The Figure of merit of ballistic galvanometer is otherwise known as
a) current sensitiveness
b) voltage sensitiveness
c) charge sensitiveness
8. The device that amplifies light and produces a highly directional, high intensity beam with a very pure frequency is
a) maser
b) laser
c) hologram
9. Forbidden gap is very wide in
a) insulators
b) conductors
c) semeconductors
10. Which of the following is a poor device for converting an ac signal into a dc?
a) bridge type full wave recftifier
b) center tap full wave rectifier
c) diode as half wave rectifier
11. In all the three modes of transistor operations, which of the following is always forward blased?
a) the emitter - base junction
b) the base - collector junction
c) the emitter - collector junction
12. If the two inputs to a NOR logic gate are 0 and 1 respectively, the value of the output is
a) 1
b) 0
c) 10
13. The Boolean indentity $\mathrm{A} \cdot(\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C})=\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{B}+\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{C}$ is called
a) associative law
b) commutative law
c) distributive law
14. Which one of the following properties of optics is employed if Fibre optics?
a) reflection
b) total internal reflection
c) refraction
15. $\mathrm{He}-\mathrm{Ne}$ laser is an example of
a) liquid laser
b) gas laser
c) diode laser

II FILL IN THE BLANKS:
16. For a charge ' $q$ ' outside the closed surface, the total normal electric flux $\phi$ is
$\qquad$ _.
17. Smaller the coercive force for a magnetic material, easier for it to get $\qquad$ .
18. For the Maxwell's equations the value of the velocity of light in vacuum is given by $\qquad$ .
19. Lorentz force is $\qquad$ when the charged particle is moving parallel to the magnetic field.

## III <br> STATE WHETHER TRUE OR FALSE:

20. Draw the transistor symbol for a NPN transistor.
21. A pure dc supply is free from ripples.
22. At absolute zero, the semiconductor behaves as a conductor.
23. According to Maxwell, the light is a form of electromagnetic wave.
24. LASER can also be called as LOSER wither ' O ' stand for 'Oscillation'.
25. Both laser and maser beams are visible to our eyes.

IV ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:
26. What is a dielectric?
27. Endoscopes employ optic fibres. Why?
28. What is the decimal equivalent of $(10010)_{10}$ ?
29. Mention any one advantage of holograms over photographs.
30. For a moving coil galvanometer to be ballistic, the coil should be wound on a non conducting frame. Why?

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