STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2004 – 05 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: DC/22/RD

PGDCS EXAMINATION, APRIL 2007 SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR CORE
PAPER : RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS
TIME : 1½ HOURS MAX. MARKS: 50

SECTION - A

| oos | E THE BEST OPTION: | $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | By using command, you can grant any system | n privilege or role to | | |
| | another user. | | | |
| | (a) Revoke command (b) Grant command (c) Creat | e command | | |
| | (d) Drop command | | | |
| 2. | A function computes a single summary value | e from the individual | | |
| | values in a group of values. | | | |
| | (a) Single (b) Multiple (c) Multi-Level | (d) Group | | |
| 3. | A is a combination of one or more columns | , the value of which | | |
| | uniquely identify each row of a table. | | | |
| | (a) Primary key (b) Foreign key (c) Candidate key | (d) Duplicate key | | |
| 4. | trigger execute once for each row affected | by a DML statement | | |
| | (a) Row – level (b) Statement –level (c) | Instead of triggers | | |
| | (d) Before and after | | | |
| 5. | You can create a varying array based on either a | or one of oracle's | | |
| | standard datatypes. | | | |
| | (a) Abstract datatype (b) User –defined datatype (c) | built – in datatype | | |
| | (d) template | | | |
| FILL | • • • • | | | |
| 5. | | | | |
| | - | | | |
| | • • | primary key column | | |
| | , and the second | r | | |
| | 1. 2. 3. 4. | another user. (a) Revoke command (b) Grant command (c) Creat (d) Drop command 2. A function computes a single summary valuvalues in a group of values. (a) Single (b) Multiple (c) Multi – Level 3. A is a combination of one or more columns uniquely identify each row of a table. (a) Primary key (b) Foreign key (c) Candidate key trigger execute once for each row affected (a) Row – level (b) Statement –level (c) (d) Before and after 5. You can create a varying array based on either a standard datatypes. (a) Abstract datatype (b) User –defined datatype (c) (d) template FILL IN THE BLANKS: 5 functions, finds the location of a character in the first of the property of the prop | | |

| 9. | When user-defined or system related exceptions are encountered, the control of | |
|-----------------|--|---------------------|
| | the PL/SQL block shifts to the | |
| 10. | You can insert records into a nested tables by using | methods for its |
| | datatype. | |
| | SECTION – B | |
| ANSWE | R ALL: | $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ |
| 11. | Explain about INF. | |
| 12. | What are correlated subqueries? | |
| 13. | Explain foreign key with an example. | |
| 14. | What is cursor? | |
| 15. | Define Varying arrays. | |
| | SECTION – C | |
| ANSWER ANY SIX: | | $(6 \times 5 = 30)$ |
| 16. | Briefly discuss about DDL commands with examples. | |
| 17. | What is join? Explain about different types of joins. | |
| 18. | Explain about lock with an example. | |
| 19. | Write about Nested tables with examples. | |
| 20. | Briefly discuss about pre-defined and user-defined Exceptions. | |
| 21. | Explain in detail about Triggers. | |
| 22. | Write about control structures in PL/SQL. | |
| 23. | How to create a partition table? | |
