STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2008–09 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: EL/MC/PT34

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2011 BRANCH XII – ENGLISH THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR – CORE PAPER : POETRY - II

TIME : 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS : 100

Section - A

Attempt any two. (2x20=40)

Read the lines and answer the questions.

- 1. I walked on the banks of the tincan banana dock and sat down under the huge shade of a Southern Pacific locomotive to look at the sunset over the box house hills and cry.
 - Jack Kerouac sat beside me on a busted rusty iron pole, companion, we thought the same thoughts of the soul, bleak and blue and sad-eyed, surrounded by the gnarled steel roots of trees of machinery.
 - The oily water on the river mirrored the red sky, sun sank on top of final Frisco peaks, no fish in that stream, no hermit in those mounts, just ourselves rheumy-eyed and hungover like old bums on the riverbank, tired and wily.
 - Look at the Sunflower, he said, there was a dead gray shadow against the sky, big as a man, sitting dry on top of a pile of ancient sawdust--
 - --I rushed up enchanted--it was my first sunflower, memories of Blake--my visions--Harlem
 - and Hells of the Eastern rivers, bridges clanking Joes
 Greasy Sandwiches, dead baby carriages, black
 treadless tires forgotten and unretreaded, the
 poem of the riverbank, condoms & pots, steel
 knives, nothing stainless, only the dank muck
 and the razor-sharp artifacts passing into the
 - a) How does Ginsberg use the sunflower as a sutra to capture the life around him?

(350 words, 10 marks)

b) Comment on the description of the place.

- (200 words, 5 marks)
- c) What are the thoughts that Ginsberg and Kerouac share?
- (200 words, 5 marks)

2. Yu could call dis poetry Dub Ranting

De tongue plays a beat

De body starts skanking,

Dis poetry is quick an childish

Dis poetry is fe de wise an foolish,

Anybody can do it fe free,

Dis poetry is fe yu an me,

Don't stretch yu imagination

Dis poetry is fe de good of de Nation,

Chant,

In de morning

I chant

In de night

I chant

In de darkness

An under de spotlight,

I pass thru University

I pass thru Sociology

An den I got a dread degree

In Dreadfull Ghettology.

Dis poetry stays wid me when I run or walk An when I am talking to meself in poetry I talk, Dis poetry is wid me, Below me an above, Dis poetry's from inside me It goes to yu

WID LUV.

- a) What according to the poet is the nature of the poetry he writes? (350 words, 10 marks)
- b) What are the techniques adopted by the poet?

(200 words, 5 marks)

- c) Comment on the correspondence between theme and technique. (200 words, 5 marks)
- **3.** My grandfather cut more turf in a day

Than any other man on Toner's bog.

Once I carried him milk in a bottle

Corked sloppily with paper. He straightened up

To drink it, then fell to right away

Nicking and slicing neatly, heaving sods

Over his shoulder, going down and down

For the good turf. Digging.

The cold smell of potato mould, the squelch and slap

Of soggy peat, the curt cuts of an edge

Through living roots awaken in my head.

But I've no spade to follow men like them.

Between my finger and my thumb

The squat pen rests.

I'll dig with it.

a) Comment on the metaphor of digging used by the poet.

(350 words, 10 marks)

b) Why does the poet say that he has no 'spade to follow' his ancestors?

/3/

(200 words, 5 marks)

c) What sort of a man was the poet's grandfather?

(200 words, 5 marks)

4. Turning and turning in the widening gyre

The falcon cannot hear the falconer;

Things fall apart; the centre cannot hold;

Mere anarchy is loosed upon the world,

The blood-dimmed tide is loosed, and everywhere

The ceremony of innocence is drowned;

The best lack all conviction, while the worst

Are full of passionate intensity.

Surely some revelation is at hand;

Surely the Second Coming is at hand.

The Second Coming! Hardly are those words out

When a vast image out of Spiritus Mundi

Troubles my sight: somewhere in sands of the desert

A shape with lion body and the head of a man,

A gaze blank and pitiless as the sun,

Is moving its slow thighs, while all about it

Reel shadows of the indignant desert birds.

The darkness drops again; but now I know

That twenty centuries of stony sleep

Were vexed to nightmare by a rocking cradle,

And what rough beast, its hour come round at last,

Slouches towards Bethlehem to be born?

a) Why are things falling apart?

(350 words, 10 marks)

b) Comment on the image of the gyre.

(200 words, 5 marks)

c) Attempt a description of the poet's apocalyptic vision.

(200 words, 5 marks)

SECTION B

Write three essays in approximately 750 words each.

(3x20=60)

- 1. What are the modernist elements found in Eliot's "Preludes"? Substantiate your answer with suitable examples.
- 2. How does Ted Hughes describe the creation of a poem in his poem "The Thought Fox"?
- 3. Critically analyse Carol Ann Duffy's "Standing Female Nude".
- 4. List the Confessional elements present in Sylvia Plath's "Daddy".
- 5. How does Pablo Neruda's poem "The Dictators" capture the history of the region?
