STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2008-09 \& thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: BT/MC/CB54

## B. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2011 <br> BRANCH V (a) - PLANT BIOLOGY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY FIFTH SEMESTER

| COURSE | $:$ | MAJOR-CORE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PAPER | $:$ | CELL BIOLOGY |
| TIME | $:$ | 3 HOURS |

SECTION - A

## ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

## MAX.MARKS:100

( $\mathbf{1 8 \times 1 = 1 8}$ marks)

## I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER <br> 5 X $1=5$ marks

1. The thickness of the plasma membrane is
a) $70-100 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
b) $50-80 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
c) $60-100-\mathrm{A}^{0}$
d) $65-85 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
2. Elementary particles are present in
a) Chloroplast
b) Golgi bodies
c) Mitochondria
d) Nucleus
3. Cell surface receptors are classified into
a) Three groups
b) Five groups
c) Four groups
d) Six groups
4. The nucleolus was first discovered by
a) Robert Brown
b) Fontana
c) Rudkin
d) Penmar
5. The synapsis of homologous chromosomes takes place during
a) Leptotene stage
b) Zygotene stage
c) Pachytene stage
d) Diplotene stage
II. FILL IN THE BLANKS
$5 \times 1=5$ marks
6. The cell theory was formulated by two German microscopist $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
7. Z DNA has $\qquad$ base pairs.
8. The nuclear pores are closed by circular structures called $\qquad$ .
9. The resting phase of the cell division is called $\qquad$ .
10.The cavity of the ER is well developed and act as a passage for $\qquad$ .
III. TRUE OR FALSE
$4 \times 1=4$ marks
10. Mitochondrial DNA contains more guanine and cytosine
11. Xylon is present in tertiary cell wall in addition to cellulose.
12. The meiosis maintains a definite and constant number of chromosomes in the organism.
13. The enzyme linked receptors when activated function directly as enzymes.
IV. MATCH THE FOLLOWING
14. X-ray diffraction
15. Meiocytes
16. Lampbrush
17. Nuclear enzyme
$4 \times 1=4$ marks
Ruckert
Ligase
Spermatocytes
DNA

## ANSWER ANY SIX QUESTION

## Each answer should not exceed 50 words.

6x3=18 marks
19. Chargaff's rule.
20. G protein.
21. Cisternae.
22. Thylakoids.
23. Histones.
24. Nucleoplasm.
25. Significance of mitosis.
26. Meiocytes.
27. Middle lamella.

## SECTION B

## ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS. EACH ANSWER SHOULD NOT EXCEED 200 WORDS. DRAW DIAGRAMS WHEREVER NECESSARY. 4x6=24 marks

28. Describe the structure of cell wall.
29. Give an account of banding techniques
30. Describe the Prophase I of meiosis.
31. Describe different types of intracellular and cell surface receptors and discuss their role in cell signaling.
32. Give an account of the functions of endoplasmic reticulum.
33. Discuss the different phases of a mitotic cell cycle.

## SECTION C

## ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS.EACH ANSWER SHOULD NOT EXCEED 1000 WORDS. DRAW DIAGRAMS WHEREVER NECESSARY.

34. Describe the different available models for the structure of plasma membrane and discuss the evidences in support of fluid mosaic model.
35. With the help of illustrations describe the structure of a microtubule and its component tubulin subunits and discuss the different functions of microtubules.
36. Discuss the structure and functions of different components of nucleus.
37. Write notes on the ultrastructure of the chloroplast.
