STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2011 – 12 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: 11BY/PC/IM34

M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013 BIOTECHNOLOGY THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE : CORE

PAPER : IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY

TIME : 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 100

SECTION - A

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS: (20 x 1 = 20) DEFINE / EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING.

- 1. At what age does the thymus reach its maximal size?
 - a. during first year of life
 - b. teenage
 - c. between 40 & 50 years
 - d. After 70 years of age
- 2. The memory response of adaptive immunity is
 - a. for short duration
 - b. persistent memory
 - c. for minimal period
 - d. none of the above
- 3. Specialized cells of phagocytosis
 - a. B cells
 - b. Neutrophils
 - c. dendric cells
 - d. NK cells
- 4. Substances that are mixed with antigen & injected will enhance the immunogenicity of the antigen is called
 - a. Epitope
 - b. Adjuvant
 - c. Paratope
 - d. Toxoid
- 5. The predominant Ig class in external secretions like milk, tears etc is
 - a. Ig A
 - b. Ig G
 - c. Ig M
 - d. Ig D
- 6. Catalytic antibodies are
 - a. Ribozyme
 - b. Enzyme
 - c. Abzyme
 - d. Zymogen
- 7. The interaction between antibody & particulate antigen is
 - a. Precipitation
 - b. Precipitin
 - c. Agglutination
 - d. Agglutinin

- 8. Double immunodiffusion is based on
 - a. Mancini method
 - b. Ouchterlony method
 - c. Agglutination method
 - d. None of the above
- 9. T cells with CD8 will recognize
 - a. Class I MHC
 - b. Class II MHC
 - c. Class III MHC
 - d. None of the above
- 10. Professional antigen presenting cells
 - a. Dentritic cells
 - b. Macrophages
 - c. B cells
 - d. All the above
- 11. Cytokines secreted by leukocytes are
 - a. Lymphokines
 - b. Interleukins
 - c. Monokines
 - d. Chemokines
- 12. Anaphylactic reactions initiated by Ag or Ag-Ab complex is
 - a. Immediate hypersensitivity
 - b. Delayed hypersensitivity
 - c. Persistent hypersensitivity
 - d. Prolonged hypersensitivity
- 13. Inappropriate responses of the system against self components is
 - a. Tolerance
 - b. Hypersensitivity
 - c. Autoimmunity
 - d. Peripheral tolerance
- 14. Polyclonal B cell activators are
 - a. Antigens
 - b. Mitogens
 - c. Antibodies
 - d. All the above
- 15. Measuring the activation & effector phases of cell-mediated cytotoxic response is done by
 - a. Mixed lymphocyte reaction
 - b. Cell-mediated lympholysis
 - c. Graft-version host
 - d. All the above
- 16. Dendritic cells are very potent actions of
 - a. Naïve cells
 - b. Effector cells
 - c. Memory cells
 - d. All the above

- 17. Live attenuated vaccines require
 - a. Only one dose
 - b. One dose+ 1 booster
 - c. One dose+ 2 boosters
 - d. One dose+ 3 boosters
- 18. DNA vaccination will induce
 - a. Humoral antibody response
 - b. Cell-mediated response
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. None of the above
- 19. Preformed antibodies are transferred to a recipient is called
 - a. Active immunization
 - b. Passive immunization
 - c. Vaccination
 - d. None of the above
- 20. Innate immune mechanisms include
 - a. Complement
 - b. Interferons
 - c. NK cells
 - d. All the above

SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS. EACH IN ABOUT 600WORDS: $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

- 21. Give a note on various autoimmune disorders.
- 22. Describe about innate & adaptive immunity.
- 23. Describe the structure & biological activities of immunoglobulin.
- 24. Explain complement system.
- 25. Describe active & passive immunization.
- 26. What are antigens? Give its classification & characteristic features.

SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS. EACH IN ABOUT 1500WORDS : (2x20 = 40)

- 27. Explain Hybridoma technology.
- 28. Explain MHC in detail.
- 29. What are vaccines? Give an account on the different types of Vaccine.
- 30. What are cytokines? Enumerate the role of cytokines in immune response.