<u>STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 86</u> (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2011-2012 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: 11HS/MC/MI24

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2013 BRANCH I – HISTORY SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR - CORE PAPER : MEDIEVAL INDIA (712-1707 AD) TIME : 3 HOURS. MAX. MARKS: 100 <u>SECTION - A</u> <u>ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS. EACH ANSWER NOT TO EXCEED 30</u> WORDS: (10x3=30)

- 1. Ilbari
- 2. Razia Sultana
- 3. Kabir
- 4. Sufism
- 5. Red Fort
- 6. Sarais
- 7. Adi Granth
- 8. Jeziya
- 9. Qutb Minar
- 10. Tansen

<u>SECTION – B</u>

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS. EACH ANSWER NOT TO EXCEED 300 WORDS: (5x 8 = 40)

- 11. Briefly explain the impact of the Arab invasion of Sind.
- 12. Give an account of Malik Kafur's southern expedition.
- 13. State the causes for the downfall of the Delhi Sultanate.
- 14. Briefly discuss the role played by Nur Jahan in Mughal court politics.
- 15. Write a note on Aurangazeb's religious policies.
- 16. List out the salient features of the Bhakti movement.
- 17. Trace the origin and growth of Sikhism.
- 18. Enumerate the position of women during the Muslim rule in India.

<u>SECTION – C</u> ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS. EACH ANSWER NOT TO EXCEED 1000 WORDS:

$(3 \times 10 = 30)$

19. (a) Elucidate on the importance of sources for the study of Medieval India and list out the major source material available for its study.

Or

(b) Critically analyze the administrative reforms introduced by Alauddin Khilji.

20. (a) Sher Shah's administration was a forerunner to the Mughal administration established by Akbar – Elaborate.

Or

(b) Highlight the features of Indo-Islamic architecture and trace its development and transformation into Mughal architecture.

21. (a) "Akbar was the true founder of the Mughal Empire." – Discuss.

Or

(b) Explain the causes for the downfall of the Mughal Empire.
