STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 086. (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2008-09 & thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: PH/MC/TS24

REG. No._____

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2012 BRANCH III - PHYSICS SECOND SEMESTER

PAPE	RSE : MAJOR - CORE R : THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS 30 MINS. MAX. MARKS : 30	
SECTION – A TO BE ANSWERED IN THE QUESTION PAPER ITSELF		
	ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS: $(30 \times 1 = 30)$	
I 1.	CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER: According to Stefan-Boltzman law the relation between the heat energy radiated per unit area of black body (E) and its temperature T is a) $E\alpha T^2$ b) $E\alpha T^4$ c) $E\alpha \frac{1}{T^4}$ d) $E\alpha \frac{1}{T^2}$	
2.	The coefficient of thermal conductivity of a gas is directly proportional to a) \sqrt{T} b) T c) T^2 d) T^4	
3.	The door of running refrigerator inside a room is left open. Mark the correct statement a) the room will be cooled slightly b) the room will be warmed up gradually c) the room will be cooled to the temperature inside the refrigerator d) the temperature of the room will remain unaffected	
4.	The first law of Thermodynamics is written mathematically a) $dQ = du + dw$ b) $dw = dQ + du$ c) $dw = dQ + du$ d) $dQ = du - dw$	
5.	The ratio between adiabatic elasticity and isothermal elasticity of a gas is equal to a) $\frac{c_v}{c_p}$ b) $\frac{c_p}{c_T}$ c) $\frac{c_p}{c_V}$ d) $C_P C_V$	
6.	Coefficient of performance is given as a) $\frac{Q_1-Q_2}{Q_2}$ b) $\frac{Q_2}{Q_1-Q_2}$ c) $\frac{Q_1-Q_2}{Q_1}$ d) $\frac{Q_1+Q_2}{Q_1}$	
7.	Unit of entropy is a) JK b) JK^{-1} c) $J^{-1}K$ d) $J^{2}K$	
8.	At absolute zero temperature, the entropy tends to	

9.	The temperature- entropy diagram is used in a) engineering b) meterology c) both d) none
10.	Using adiabatic demagnetization, the minimum temperature produced is a) 1^*K b) $10^{-2}K$ c) $10^{-3}K$ d) $0~K$
11.	The clapeyron's latent heat equation is a) $\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{L}{T}$ b) $\frac{dT}{dP} = \frac{L}{T(V_2 - V_1)}$ c) $\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{L}{T(V_2 - V_1)}$ d) $\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{T}{L}$
12.	Rayliegh- Jeans law of radiation applies to wavelength a) longer b) shorter c) medium d) none
13.	The particles which obey Bose-Einstein Statistics are known as a) Bosons b) Fermions c) Neutron d) Proton
14.	According to which statistics, the energy of absolute zero cannot be zero a) M-B b) B.E. c) F.D d) none
15.	The ratio of most probable speed and average speed of a gas enclosed in a vessel is a) $\frac{\sqrt{\Pi}}{4}$ b) $\frac{\sqrt{\Pi}}{2}$ c) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{\Pi}}$ d) 4Π
II 16.	STATE WHETHER TRUE OR FALSE: According to Wien's law the amount of energy radiated by a black body is uniformly distributed over all the wavelengths emitted by the body but is minimum for a particular wavelength.
17.	Thermodynamic system will be thermal equilibrium if there is no transfer of heat energy from one part of the system to the other.
18.	When steam is converted into water and then into ice the entropy and disorder of the molecules decrease.
19.	The temperature of the paramagnetic substance decreases on decreasing the magnetizing field H.
20.	For a gas at N.T.P. V_{rms} is minimum
Ш	FILL IN THE BLANKS:
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.	The coefficient of viscosity of a gas is directly proportional to

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IV ANSWER BRIEFLY:

- 26. What does a black body mean?
- 27. State zeroth law of thermodynamics
- 28. What is reversible process?
- 29. What is called magnetic caloric effect?
- 30. Write any two differences between F.D. and B.E.

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COURSE : MAJOR – CORE

PAPER : THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS
TIME : 2½ HOURS MAX. MARKS : 70

SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. Two stars radiate maximum energy at wavelengths 4000°A and 5000°A respectively. What is the ratio of their temperature?
- 2. A Carnot's engine has the same efficiency working between the temperature limits, 2500K and 1000K and between OK and 2000K. Find the value of θ .
- 3. Calculate the change in entropy when 10 gram of ice at $0^{\circ}C$ is converted into water at the same temperature.
- 4. Describe how helium is liquefied experimentally.
- 5. Write the peculiar properties of Helium II.
- 6. Find the increase in the boiling point of water at 100° C when the pressure is increased by one atmosphere. Latent heat of vaporization of steam is 540 cal/gram and one gram of steam occupies a volume of 1677 cm^3 .
- 7. A carnot's refrigerator takes heat from water at $0^{\circ}C$ and discards it to a room temperature at $27^{\circ}C$. One kgm of water at $0^{\circ}C$ is to be changed into ice at $0^{\circ}C$. How many calories of heat are discarded to the room? What is the work done by the refrigerator in this process? What is the co-efficient of performance of the machine? (1 cal = 4.2 J)

SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS:

 $(3 \times 15 = 45)$

- 8. Derive an expression for coefficient of viscosity of a gas in terms of mean free path of its molecule.
- 9. Define concept of entropy. Show that the entropy of a perfect gas remains constant in a reversible process but increases in an irreversible process.
- 10. State the two laws of thermodynamics and explain their significance. Derive an expression for the efficiency of a Carnot's engine.
- 11. Deduce Maxwell's thermodynamic relations.
- 12. Using Maxwell's Law of distribution of speed in a gas obtain an expression for most probable speed, average speed and root mean square speed.