## STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – $600\,086$ (For Candidates admitted during the academic year 2023-2024 and thereafter)

## M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2024 BRANCH III – ECONOMICS THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE : CORE

PAPER : MACROECONOMICS ANALYSIS – I

**SUBJECT CODE: 23EC/PC/MA34** 

TIME : 3 HOURS MAX.MARKS : 100

Q. No.	SECTION A	CO	KL
	PART – A		
	Answer any TWO out of THREE questions in about 150 words each $(2 \times 5 = 10)$		
1	Briefly explain the Mundell Fleming model?	1	1
2	Explain the concept of intertemporal choice in economics with a	1	1
<i>L</i>	suitable example.	1	1
3	What does the LM curve represent in the IS LM model?	1	1
Q. No.	PART – B	CO	KL
	Answer any TWO out of THREE questions in about 150 words		
	each $(2 \times 5 = 10)$		
4	Describe Keynes' psychological law of consumption and how does it influence consumption?	2	2
5	How does the IS LM model change in an open economy compared to a closed economy?	2	2
6	Outline the components of aggregate demand.	2	2
Q. No.	SECTION B	CO	KL
	PART - A		
	Answer any TWO out of THREE questions in about 400 words		
	each $(2 \times 8 = 16)$		
7	Elucidate the characteristic features of a consumption function	3	3
8	Explain the Keynesian theory of investment	3	3
9	Examine the macroeconomic developments after Keynes.	3	3
Q. No.	PART – B	CO	KL
	Answer any TWO out of THREE questions in about 400 words		
	each $(2 \times 8 = 16)$		
10	Determine the general equilibrium of the economy with the help of the IS LM model.	4	4
11	How does the paradox of thrift affect the economy during a recession?	4	4
12	Examine the key components of the residential theory of investment.	4	4
	SECTION C		
	PART – A		
	Answer any TWO out of FOUR questions in about 700 words		
	each $(2 \times 12 = 24)$		
13	Compare and contrast the key features of the classical and Keynesian economics.	5	5
	economics.		

Analyse the effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policy in a closed	5	5
economy model.		
The aggregate demand and aggregate supply determine equilibrium	5	5
output and employment. Discuss.		
How is the Permanent Income theory of consumption different from	5	5
Keynes' theory?		
PART – B		
Answer any TWO out of FOUR questions in about 700 words each		
$(2 \times 12 = 24)$		
Assess the role of fiscal policy in the classical and the Keynesian	6	6
model. Which model provides a better policy framework during		
recession and why?		
Evaluate the effectiveness of monetary policy in a open economy with	6	6
a fixed exchange rate as compared to a flexible exchange rate with the		
help of the Mundell Fleming model.		
Analyse the influence of behavioural economics on investment	6	6
decisions specifically regarding the Tobin's q ratio and the accelerator		
theory.		
Bring out the relevance of life cycle hypothesis in the context of	6	6
current real-world scenario.		
	economy model.  The aggregate demand and aggregate supply determine equilibrium output and employment. Discuss.  How is the Permanent Income theory of consumption different from Keynes' theory?  PART – B  Answer any TWO out of FOUR questions in about 700 words each (2 X 12 = 24)  Assess the role of fiscal policy in the classical and the Keynesian model. Which model provides a better policy framework during recession and why?  Evaluate the effectiveness of monetary policy in a open economy with a fixed exchange rate as compared to a flexible exchange rate with the help of the Mundell Fleming model.  Analyse the influence of behavioural economics on investment decisions specifically regarding the Tobin's q ratio and the accelerator theory.  Bring out the relevance of life cycle hypothesis in the context of	economy model.  The aggregate demand and aggregate supply determine equilibrium output and employment. Discuss.  How is the Permanent Income theory of consumption different from Keynes' theory?  PART – B  Answer any TWO out of FOUR questions in about 700 words each (2 X 12 = 24)  Assess the role of fiscal policy in the classical and the Keynesian model. Which model provides a better policy framework during recession and why?  Evaluate the effectiveness of monetary policy in a open economy with a fixed exchange rate as compared to a flexible exchange rate with the help of the Mundell Fleming model.  Analyse the influence of behavioural economics on investment decisions specifically regarding the Tobin's q ratio and the accelerator theory.  Bring out the relevance of life cycle hypothesis in the context of

\*\*\*\*\*