STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI-86 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2023 – 24)

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024 BRANCH IV- CHEMISTRY THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE	: MAJOR CORE
PAPER	: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I
SUBJECT CODE	: 23CH/MC/IC34
TIME	: 3 HOURS

MAX.MARKS :100

Q.No.	SECTION-A			
-	Answer all questions(15x1=15 marks)			
	Choose the right option in the following-			
1.	Solid PCl ₅ exists as	1	1	
	a) PCl_3 b) PCl_4^+ c) PCl_6^- d) both b & c	1	1	
2.	Which one of the following is not a Lewis base-	1	1	
	a) H_2O b) NH_3 c) CH_3NH_2 d) BF_3	1	1	
3.	The formal charge of O atoms in the ion			
	$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{\mathbf{O}} = \mathbf{N} = \ddot{\mathbf{O}} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}^{\dagger}$	1	1	
	a) -2 b) -1 c) 0 d) +1			
4.	Which one of the following bonds has the least energy?	1	1	
	a) Se-Se b) Te-Te c) O-O d) S-S	-	1	
5.	Among CH ₄ , NH ₃ and H ₂ O, acidity of H ₂ O is maximum because			
	a) oxygen contains two lone pair of e-			
	b) bond angle is less than 109°28' by VSEPR Theory	1	1	
	c) oxygen is more electronegative than C or N.			
6	d) H_2O is an associative liquid.			
6.	According to VBT a molecule that undergoes sp^2 hybridisation will have	1	1	
	geometry.	1	1	
7	a) linear b) planar trigonal c) tetrahedral d) Octahedral			
7.	The best fluorinating agent is?	1	1	
8.	a) XeF_2 b) XeF_4 c) XeF_6 d) XeO_2F_2 Which one of the following hydroxides is insoluble in water?			
0.		1	1	
9.	a) Ca(OH) ₂ b) Ba(OH) ₂ c) Be(OH) ₂ d) Mg(OH) ₂ Which pair is not correct order of lattice energy?			
9.	which pair is not correct order of fattice energy? a) $KCI > MaO$ b) $AIN > MaO$ c) $BaCOa > MaCOa$ d) $BaCOa = MaCOa$	1	1	
10.	a) KCl>MgO b) AlN >MgO c) $BeCO_3 > MgCO_3$ d) $BeCO_3 = MgCO_3$ When N ₂ ⁺ is formed from N ₂ , bond order and when O ₂ ⁺ is			
10.	formed from O ₂ , bond order and when O ₂ is			
		1	1	
	a) increases, increases b) decreases, decreases d) decreases increases			
11.	For advertisements the coloured discharged tubes contain			
11.	a) He b) Ne c) Ar d) Kr	1	1	
12.	The non-linear molecular among the following is			
12.	a) SO_2 b) CO_2 c) HCN d) NO	1	1	

13.	Mg and Li are similar in their properties due to		
	a) same e/m ratio b) same electron affinity	1	1
	c) same group d) same radius		
14.	Light emitting diodes, Laser diodes and memory chips of computer are		
	made of	1	1
	a) Gallium b) Aluminum c) Arsenic d) Gallium arsenide		
15.	The tetrahedral arrangement of perchlorate ion is due to		
	a) presence of lone pair of electrons b) sp^3 hybridisation	1	1
	c) trigonal bipyramidal shape of the ion d) sp^2 hybridisation		

	SECTION-1	8		
	Answer all questions Fill in the blanks-	(15 x 1 = 15 Marks)	со	KL
16.	An example of macrocyclic compound present in biological systems which are responsible for the transportation of Na ⁺ and K ⁺ ions through the hydrophobic lipid layers of the cell membrane is		2	2
17.	The formula and charge of the following sil		2	2
18.	Stability of $Ga^+ < In^+ < Tl^+$ is explained by		2	2
19.	Conversion of BI_3 to B by pyrolysis is called		2	2
20.	Of the alkaline earth metals only reaction with water.	_ carbide gives methane on	2	2
	Answer in a line or two			
21.	What are pseudohalogens?		2	2
22.	How many σ and π bonds are present in tetracyanomethane (C(CN) ₄)?		2	2
23.	Why sodium oxide solution cannot be stored in Al vessel?		2	2
24.	Gas X turns lime water milky. It also turns potassium dichromate green. What is gas X?		2	2
25.	He ₂ does not exist- Justify in a line.		2	2
	Match the following			
26.	i) I ₃ -	a) Dimer	2	2
27.	ii) Beryllium chloride	b) Benitoite	2	2
28.	iii) Thallium	c) Fertiliser	2	2
29.	iv) Tremolite	d) linear	2	2
30.	v) Monoammonium hydrogen phosphate	e) extremely toxic	2	2
		f) Asbestos		

	SECTION- C		KL
	Answer any five questions (5 x 6 = 30 Marks)	CO	KL
31.	Justify the following statements $-(3x2=6)$		
	i) CO_2 is a gas, While SiO ₂ is a solid of high melting point.	3	3
	ii) HF is the weakest acid	3	3
	b) NO is a neutral oxide and it turns brown in air.		
32.	i) Compare and contrast VBT and MOT. (3)		2
	ii) Explain the eextraction of Lithium from Spodumene. (3)	3	3
33.	a) Complete the following reactions-		
	i) $SO_2 + NaOH \rightarrow ? + H_2$ (1)		
	ii) $Ba(OH)_2 + H_2O_2 \rightarrow ? + H_2O$ (1)		
	iii) $BCl_3 + NH_4Cl \xrightarrow{140^{\circ}C, C_6H_5Cl} ? \xrightarrow{NaBH_4} ? (2)$	3	3
	iv) $XeF_2 + SbF_5 \rightarrow ?$ (1)		
	v) $Pt + HNO_3 + HCl \rightarrow ? + NO + H_2O$ (1)		
34.	Give any one preparation of diborane. Discuss the structure and bonding		2
	in diborane.	3	3
35.	Discuss in detail about chain and sheet of silicates.		
36.	Explain the structure and geometry of the following molecules using		
	VSEPR theory-		
	i. I_3 ii. XeOF ₂ (3 +3)		
37.	i) Explain – Solubility products of hydroxides of Group II increases		
	whereas that of sulphates decreases down the group. (3)		
	ii) Give an account of hydrides of Group 14 elements. (3)		

	SECTION- D		171
	Answer any four questions $(4x 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$	CO	KL
38.	Draw the Lewis structure of N ₂ molecule, explain the bonding in nitrogen	4	4
	molecule using both VBT and MOT. (5)	4	4
39.	i) What happens when phosphoric acid is heated with concentrated nitric		
	acid and ammonium molybdate, (1.5)		
	ii) How is triple phosphate synthesized? (1.5)		
	iii) Identify $A, B, C, \& D$ (2)	4	4
	$A(Black) + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow gas B + C?$		
	$C + (CH_3COO)_2Pb \rightarrow PbS$ (Black precipitate)		
	$C + K_3 Fe(CN)_6 \rightarrow D(blue)$		
40.	i) Explain what happens (with relevant chemical equations) when aqueous		
	solution of hydroxyl amine is reacted with nitrous acid (1)	4	4
	ii) a) Draw the structure of Cl_2O and I_2O_5 . (2)		
	b) Xenon does not form fluorides like XeF, XeF ₃ and XeF ₅ . (2)		
41.	i) Explain the bonding in phosphonitriles. (3)	4	4
	ii) Discuss the significance of cryptands. (2)		4
42.	Give any one preparation and explain the structure of XeF_6 and IF_3 . (5)	4	4

	SECTION E		СО	KL
	Answer the following- $(2 \ge 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		CO	KL
43.	List the salient features of MOT, using MOT explain and compa	re the		
	bonding, bond order and magnetic properties of O_2 , O_2^- and $O_2^{2^-}$. (10)		
	OR		5	5
	Give an account of i) Structures of oxy acids of sulphur.	(5)		
	ii) Basic nature of iodine.	(5)		
44.	a) Give a comparative account of oxides and hydrides of nitroge	n group		
	elements.	(6)		
	b) What are silicones? Discuss any one preparation and properties of			
	silicone.	(4)		_
	OR		5	5
	a) Give any one preparation and explain structure of BrF_3 and I	F ₇ (5)		
	b) Explain using MOT the bonding, bond order and magnetic pr	operty of		
	NO molecule.	(5)		
