STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2023 – 2024 & thereafter)

B. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024 BRANCH V (a) – PLANT BIOLOGY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR – CORE

PAPER : ALGAE, FUNGI AND LICHENS

SUBJECT CODE : 23BT/MC/AF14

TIME	: 3 HOURS MAX.M	MARKS:100			
Q.	SECTION A $(20 \times 1 = 20)$	CO	KL		
No.	ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS				
	I Fill in the blanks				
1	Fruiting body of <i>Agaricus</i> is called as	1	1		
2.	Albugo causes disease.				
3.	The algal component of lichen is called				
4.	The male sex organ of <i>Chara</i> is called	1	1		
5.	An example of coprophilous fungus is	1	1		
(II State whether true or false	1	1		
6.	The leaf like erect portion in <i>Caulerpa</i> is known as assimilator.	1	1		
7.	Sexual reproduction is present in Myxophyceae.	1	1		
8.	Sargassum is commonly called as gulf weed.	1	1		
9.	Synchytrium causes the black wart disease in potato.	1	1		
10.	Dolipore septum is characteristic to Chytridiomycetes.				
11	III Choose the correct answer	1	1		
11.	Trabeculae is seen in (a) National and (d) Condense	1	1		
12	(a) Cladophora (b) Volvox (c) Navicula (d) Caulerpa	1	1		
12.	The common reserve food material of fungus is	1	1		
13.	(a) starch (b) glycogen (c) xanthophyll (d) violaxanthin The antibiotic derived from <i>Chlorella</i> is	1	1		
13.		1	1		
14.	(a) Ampicillin (b) Penicillin (c) Chlorellin (d) Cyclocin The fungus Presinia has plant as its secondary host	1	1		
14.	The fungus <i>Puccinia</i> hasplant as its secondary host.	1	1		
15.	(a) barberry (b) wheat (c) paddy (d) groundnut Aegagropilous habit is seen in	1	1		
13.	(a) Chara (b) Chlorella (c) Caulerpa (d) Cladophora	1	1		
	IV Match the following				
16.	Nostoc - kieselgur	1	1		
17.	Ascomycetes - gilled fungus	1	1		
18.	Diatomaceous earth - ascospores	1	1		
19.	Agaricus - coenobium	1	1		
20.	Volvox - heterocyst	1	1		
Q.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SECTION B} & \text{(8 X 2 = 16)} \end{array}$	CO	KL		
Q. No.	ANSWER ANY 8 OF THE FOLLOWING IN 50 WORDS		IXL		
21.	What are crustose lichens?	2	2		
۷1.	what are crustose menens:				
22.	Specify the significance of Diatoms.	2	2		
<i>22.</i>	speen, the significance of Diatoms.				

22	Define an agamentate	2	2
23.	Define an agarophyte.	2	2
24.	Differentiate isogamy and anisogamy.	2	2
25.	What is isidia?	2	2
26.	List the significance of blue green algae.	2	2
27.	Mention any four characteristic features of fungi.	2	2
28.	Give the salient features of Basidiomycetes.	2	2
29.	Enumerate any two characteristic feature of the class oomycetes.	2	2
30.	What is carrageenan?	2	2
	SECTION C $(4 \times 6 = 24)$		
	ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ABOUT 500 WORDS.		
31.	Deduce the structure of <i>Nostoc</i> . (OR)	3	3
32.	Assess the types of vegetative reproduction in <i>Chara</i> .	3	3
33.	Explain the structure of <i>Peziza</i> apothecium. (OR)	3	3
34.	Elaborate the asexual reproduction of <i>Aspergillus</i> .	3	3
35.	Comment on economic importance of Algae. (OR)	4	4
36.	Analyse the various stages of reproduction in <i>Gracilaria</i> .	4	4
37.	Discuss the structure of the basidiocarp of <i>Agaricus</i> . (OR)	4	4
38.	Elaborate the reproduction in <i>Usnea</i> .	4	4
	SECTION D (2 X 20 = 40) ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN 1000 WORDS. DRAW DIAGRAMS WHEREVER NECESSARY		
39.	Classify algae according to F.E Fritsch and discuss the characteristic features of major algal classes.	5	5
40.	(OR) Summarize the life cycle of <i>Sargassum</i> .	5	5
41.	Critically comment on the life cycle of <i>Puccinia</i> .	5	5
42.	(OR) Elaborate on the life cycle of <i>Plasmodiophora</i> .	5	5