

STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086
(For candidates admitted during the academic year 2023 - 2024)

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023
BRANCH III – SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR - CORE
PAPER : SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY
SUBJECT CODE : 23SC/MC/IS13
TIME : 3 HOURS

MAX.MARKS:100

Q. No.	SECTION A (Fill in/T or F/ Match/ One word) (20 X 1 = 20 Marks)	CO	KL
1	Fill in the Blanks: _____ is a concept that preserves and promotes cultural diversity while preserving various cultural identities.	CO1	K1
2	_____ is the fourfold division of ancient Indian society based on occupation or dharma.	CO1	K1
3	The force created by a person's actions that is believed in Hinduism and Buddhism to determine what the person's next life will be like is called _____.	CO1	K1
4	The process by which a low caste or tribe changes its custom, ritual, ideology, and lifestyle in the direction of a high and twice-born caste is known as _____.	CO1	K1
5	The process whereby religious thinking, practices and institutions lose social significance is called _____.	CO1	K1
6	Match the following: Ruler and soldier	CO1	K1
7	Jainism	CO1	K1
8	Marrying outside one's social group	CO1	K1
9	The practice of marrying multiple spouses	CO1	K1
10	Sanskritization	CO1	K1
11	Youth dormitories	CO1	K1
12	High caste man marrying low caste woman	CO1	K1
13	Annihilation of caste	CO1	K1
14	Nirvana	CO1	K1
15	Sripuram	CO1	K1
16	True or false Sir Herbert Risley first attempted to classify people of India into different racial types.	CO1	K1
17	The Sanskrit word Dalit means broken or scattered.	CO1	K1
18	Monogamy is a form of marriage in which one man marries more than one woman.	CO1	K1

19	A family where three generations live under one roof is called Nuclear family.	CO1	K1
20	High caste woman marrying low caste man is called Pratiloma.	CO1	K1
Q. No.	SECTION B (4x 5=20 Marks) (Answer any 4 out of 6 questions in 100 words each)	CO	KL
21	Explain Pluralism in the Indian context.	CO 2	K2
22	Write a short note on the four stages of purusharthas.	CO 2	K2
23	Write a note on the class-caste interface.	CO 2	K2
24	What is meant by endogamy? State its causes.	CO 2	K2
25	Explain any two important functions of family.	CO 2	K2
26	Specify any five social problems associated with urbanization.	CO 2	K2
Q. No.	SECTION C (2x20= 40 marks) (Answer any 2 out of 4 questions in 1000 words each choosing within subdivisions)	CO	KL
27	(a) Briefly explain religious diversity in India. (OR) (b) Highlight the views of Gandhi on Indian villages.	CO 3	K3
28	a) Trace the changing trends of family system in India. (OR) (b) Urbanization leads to more segregation and marginalization of the poor in cities. Evaluate.	CO 4	K4
Q. No.	SECTION D (2 x10=20 Marks) (Answer any 2 out of 4 questions in 500 words each)	CO	KL
29	Critically analyse the threats for the practise of unity in diversity in India.	CO 5	K5
30	Can caste be eliminated from the society? Substantiate with your arguments.	CO 5	K5
31	Marriage as a sacrament is losing its value in modern India. Discuss.	CO 5	K5
32	Critically examine the effects of westernization.	CO 5	K5
