

**STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI - 600 086**  
**(For candidates admitted during the academic year 2019–20 and thereafter)**

**B. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023**  
**BRANCH I - MATHEMATICS**  
**THIRD SEMESTER**

**COURSE** : **MAJOR – CORE**  
**PAPER** : **ELEMENTS OF GRAPH THEORY**  
**SUBJECT CODE** : **19MT/MC/EG34**  
**TIME** : **3 HOURS** **MAX. MARKS: 100**

**SECTION-A**  
**Answer any TEN questions** **(10 x 2 = 20)**

1. Define degree of a vertex.
2. Define a complete graph.
3. When do you say a graph is connected?
4. Is the sequence (4,4,4,2,2,2) graphic?
5. What is an Euler trail?
6. Define closure of a graph.
7. Define eccentricity of a tree.
8. When do you say a graph is planar?
9. Prove that  $K_5$  is non – planar .
10. Give an example of a graph which is both Eulerian and Hamiltonian.
11. When do you say a vertex  $v$  is reachable?
12. Define source and sink in a directed graph.

**SECTION-B**  
**Answer any FIVE questions** **(5 x 8 = 40)**

13. Prove that number of vertices of odd degree is even.
14. Show that any self complementary graph has  $4n$  or  $4n + 1$  points.
15. Show that closed walk of odd length contains a cycle.
16. Prove that if  $G$  is a graph in which degree of every vertex is 2 , then  $G$  contains a cycle.
17. Prove that closure of a graph is well defined.
18. Prove that every tree has a centre consisting either of one point or two adjacent points.
19. Prove that if a finite directed graph is cycle – free then prove that it contains a source and sink.

**SECTION-C**  
**Answer any TWO questions**

**(2 x 20 = 40)**

20. a) Prove that a line  $x$  of a connected graph  $G$  is a bridge if and only if  $x$  is not on any cycle of  $G$ .
- b) Prove that a graph is bipartite if and only if all its cycles are of even length. (10+10)
21. a) If  $G$  is a graph with  $p \geq 3$  vertices and  $\delta \geq p/2$ . Prove that  $G$  is Hamiltonian.
- b) Let  $G$  be a  $(p, q)$  graph. Prove that the following statements are equivalent.
- i)  $G$  is a tree.
  - ii) Any two points of  $G$  is joined by a unique path.
  - iii)  $G$  is connected and  $p = q + 1$ .
  - iv)  $G$  is acyclic and  $p = q + 1$ . (10+10)
22. a) State and prove Euler's formula.
- b) Explain Warshal's algorithm. (12+8)

