## B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023 <br> BRANCH - HONOURS FIRST SEMESTER

| COURSE | $:$ | MAJOR CORE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PAPER | $:$ | STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS |
| SUBJECT CODE | $:$ | 23BH/MC/SB14 |
| TIME | $:$ | 3 HOURS |

MAX. MARKS: 100


| 11 | From the following data, Calculate Seasonal Indices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year | Seasons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2020 | 37 | 41 | 33 | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2021 | 37 | 39 | 36 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2022 | 40 | 43 | 33 | 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q. No. | SECTION CAnswer the following questions $\quad(4 \times 10=40)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CO | KL |
| 12 a. | Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
|  | X 6 | 8 | 12 | 15 | 18 20 | 20 | 4 4 28 | 31 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Y 10 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 18 | $25 \quad 22$ | - 26 | 28 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 b . | (Or) <br> In a trivariate distribution it was found that $\mathrm{r}_{12}=0.6 ; \mathrm{r}_{13}=0.7$; $\mathrm{r}_{23}=0.65$. Calculate (i) $\mathrm{R}_{1.23}$ (ii) $\mathrm{R}_{3.12}$ (iii) $\mathrm{R}_{2.13}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
| 13 a . | Can vaccination be regarded as preventive measure of small pox as evidenced by the following data? "Of 1482 persons exposed to small pox in a locality of 368 in all were attacked. Of these 1482 persons, 343 were vaccinated and of these only 35 were attacked." Given the Chi square value @ $5 \%$ of significance for 1 df is 3.84 . <br> (Or) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
| 13 b . | Two random samples drawn from normal populations. From the following data test whether the population variances are the same at $5 \%$ level. (Table value of F for $(9,7) \mathrm{df}$ @ $5 \%$ level = 3.68) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
|  | Sample I |  | 60 | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 66 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 74 \\ \hline 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 76 | 82 | 85 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sample II |  |  |  |  | 78 | 63 | 8586 | 6 88 | 91 |  |  |
| 14 a. | Examine 5 yearly moving averages from the following data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 |
|  | Year Income | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2000 \\ \hline 161 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2001 \\ & \hline 127 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 1 & 2002 \\ \hline & 152 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2003 \\ \hline 143 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2004 \\ & \hline 144 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2005 \\ \hline 167 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2006 | 2007 |  | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 182 | 179 |  |  |  |
| 14 b. | 2008 2009 2010 <br> 152 163 159 <br> (Or) <br> Fit a straight-line trend to the following data by the least squares method and Estimate the likely sales for the 2023. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
|  | Year |  | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |  |  |  |
|  | Sales (Rs. Cror |  | 20 | 23 | 22 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 30 |  |  |  |


| 15 a. | You are given below the following information about advertisement and sales: <br> (i) Calculate the two regression equations. <br> (ii) Find the likely sales when advertisement expenditure is Rs. 25 crores. <br> (iii) What should be the advertisement budget if the company wants to attain sales target of 150 crores? <br> (Or) <br> The simple correlation coefficients between variables $X_{1}, X_{2}, X_{3}$ are $\mathrm{r}_{12}=0.41, \mathrm{r}_{13}=0.71$ and $\mathrm{r}_{23}=0.50$. Calculate the partial correlation coefficients $\mathrm{r}_{12.3}, \mathrm{r}_{23.1}, \mathrm{r}_{31.2}$ |  |  |  |  | $3$ <br> 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q. No. | Answer any on | ${ }^{\text {question }}$ | $\Gamma I 0$ |  | $(1 \times 15=15)$ | CO | KL |
| 16 | The following t varieties of food <br> Test using analy the average yiel | le gives the | elds | 15 samp <br> there is | of plot under three <br> significant difference in | 4 | 5 |
| 17 | Find the Multip the data relating | Linear Reg three vari | sion es giv 9 6 14 | uation <br> 13 <br> 4 <br> 10 | X1 on X2 and X3 from $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ \hline 8 \\ 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 4 | 5 |


| Q. No. | SECTION E $\quad$ (1 x 15 = 15) | CO | KL |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{C o m p u l s o r y ~ C a s e ~ S t u d y ~}$ | A local ice cream parlor, Sweet Delights, offers a variety of flavors to its <br> customers. The owner is interested in understanding the preferences of their <br> customers to optimize their inventory and improve customer Satisfaction. <br> The parlor offers four different flavors: Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry, and <br> Mint Chip. The owner wants to know if there is a significant difference in <br> the preferences of customers based on their age groups: Kids, Teenagers, <br> and Adults. | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
|  | Data Collection: <br> Over the course of a month, the parlor recorded the ice cream flavor <br> choices of 300 customers. The customers were categorized into three age <br> groups: Kids (under 12 years), Teenagers (13-19 years), and Adults (20 <br> years and above). The data collected is as follows: <br> Vanilla: Kids (50), Teenagers (30), Adults (20) <br> Chocolate: Kids (20), Teenagers (60), Adults (40) <br> Strawberry: Kids (40), Teenagers (10), Adults (30) <br> Mint Chip: Kids (10), Teenagers (20), Adults (50) <br> Problem Statement: <br> Using the chi-square test, analyze the data to determine if there is a <br> significant association between customers' age groups and their ice cream <br> flavor preferences at Sweet Delights. |  |  |

