STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 086. (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2020–2021 and thereafter)

B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023 HONOURS THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE	:	ALLIED – CORE	
PAPER	:	MATHEMATICS FOR COMMERCE	
SUBJECT CODE	:	20BH/AC/MC35	
TIME	:	3 HOURS	MAX. MARKS: 100

SECTION – A

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:

(10 x 2 = 20)

- 1. State Cayley-Hamilton Theorem
- 2. Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.
- 3. Find one root of the equation $x^3 12x^2 + 39x 28 = 0$ whose roots are in A.P.
- 4. If α , β , γ are the roots of the equation $x^3 + px^2 + qx + r = 0$, find the value of $\sum \alpha^2$.
- 5. What is the condition for convergence of Gauss-Jordan method of iteration?
- 6. Write Newton-Raphson iterative formula.
- 7. Draw 3-regular graph on 6 vertices.
- 8. Verify whether the following graphs are isomorphic.

$$w_{6}$$
 w_{6} v_{6} v_{6} v_{6} v_{1} v_{2} v_{3} v_{4} v_{5}

- 9. Write the values of permutation P(n, r) and combination C(n, r).
- 10. Write the rules of sum and product.

SECTION – B

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:

- 11. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$.
- 12. Given that $-2 + \sqrt{-7}$ is a root of the equation $x^4 + 2x^2 16x + 77 = 0$, solve it completely.
- 13. Using Newton iterative method find the root between 0 and 1 of $x^3 = 6x 4$ correct to 2 decimal places.
- 14. Solve the system of equation by Gauss-elimination method. 10x - 2y + 3z = 23

$$10x - 2y + 3z = 23$$

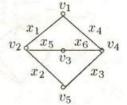
$$2x + 10y - 5z = -33$$

$$3x - 4y + 10z = 41$$

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

 $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

15. Write the adjacency and incidence matrix of the following graph.



- 16. Define tree graph and draw all trees on 6 vertices.
- 17. In how many ways can ten adults and five children stand in a line so that no two children are next to each other?

SECTION – C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:

18. a) Verify Cayley- Hamilton theorem and find A^{-1} when $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$. b) Solve $6x^5 + 11x^4 - 33x^3 - 33x^2 + 11x + 6 = 0$. (10 marks) (10 marks)

19. a) Solve by Gauss-Seidal method

$$83x + 11y - 4z = 95$$

$$7x + 52y + 13z = 104$$

$$3x + 8y + 29z = 71.$$

b) Find the coefficient of x^5y^2 in the expansion of $(x + y)^7$.

20. a) Solve the equation $x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x + 18 = 0$ given that two of its roots are equal.

(10 marks) (10 marks)

(14 marks)

(6 marks)

- b) Define the following with suitable examples.
 - (i) Complete graph
 - (ii) bipartite graph
 - (iii) cycle graph
 - (iv) bridge
 - (v) cut vertices
