# B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023 <br> HONOURS <br> THIRD SEMESTER 

| COURSE | $:$ | ALLIED-CORE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PAPER | $:$ | MATHEMATICS FOR COMMERCE |
| SUBJECT CODE | $:$ | 20BH/AC/MC35 |
| TIME | $:$ | 3 HOURS |

MAX. MARKS: 100

## SECTION - A

## ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:

1. State Cayley-Hamilton Theorem
2. Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{cc}1 & 1 \\ 3 & -1\end{array}\right)$.
3. Find one root of the equation $x^{3}-12 x^{2}+39 x-28=0$ whose roots are in A.P.
4. If $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ are the roots of the equation $x^{3}+p x^{2}+q x+r=0$, find the value of $\sum \alpha^{2}$.
5. What is the condition for convergence of Gauss-Jordan method of iteration?
6. Write Newton-Raphson iterative formula.
7. Draw 3-regular graph on 6 vertices.
8. Verify whether the following graphs are isomorphic.

9. Write the values of permutation $P(n, r)$ and combination $C(n, r)$.
10. Write the rules of sum and product.

## SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:
11. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $\left(\begin{array}{ccc}7 & -2 & 0 \\ -2 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 5\end{array}\right)$.
12. Given that $-2+\sqrt{-7}$ is a root of the equation $x^{4}+2 x^{2}-16 x+77=0$, solve it completely.
13. Using Newton iterative method find the root between 0 and 1 of $x^{3}=6 x-4$ correct to 2 decimal places.
14. Solve the system of equation by Gauss-elimination method.

$$
\begin{gathered}
10 x-2 y+3 z=23 \\
2 x+10 y-5 z=-33 \\
3 x-4 y+10 z=41
\end{gathered}
$$

15. Write the adjacency and incidence matrix of the following graph.

16. Define tree graph and draw all trees on 6 vertices.
17. In how many ways can ten adults and five children stand in a line so that no two children are next to each other?

## SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:
18. a) Verify Cayley- Hamilton theorem and find $A^{-1}$ when $A=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2\end{array}\right)$.
(10 marks)
b) Solve $6 x^{5}+11 x^{4}-33 x^{3}-33 x^{2}+11 x+6=0$.
19. a) Solve by Gauss-Seidal method

$$
\begin{gathered}
83 x+11 y-4 z=95 \\
7 x+52 y+13 z=104 \\
3 x+8 y+29 z=71
\end{gathered}
$$

b) Find the coefficient of $x^{5} y^{2}$ in the expansion of $(x+y)^{7}$.
20. a) Solve the equation $x^{3}-4 x^{2}-3 x+18=0$ given that two of its roots are equal.
b) Define the following with suitable examples.
(i) Complete graph
(ii) bipartite graph
(iii) cycle graph
(iv) bridge
(v) cut vertices

