

STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 86.
(For candidates admitted from the academic year 2019 and thereafter)

SUBJECTCODE: 19MT/MC/RA55

B.Sc DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021
BRANCH I- MATHEMATICS

COURSE: CORE

TIME: 3 Hours

PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF REAL ANALYSIS

MAX MARKS: 100

Section – A

Answer all the questions (3 × 4 = 12)

1. Prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1} = 2$.
2. Show that the $[0, 1]$ is not connected subset of R_d .
3. Verify $\int_a^\infty \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$ is convergent or divergent

Section – B

Answer any Three questions (3 × 16 = 48)

4. Prove that every open set G of R^1 can be written $G = \cup I_n$ where I_1, I_2, \dots are mutually disjoint open intervals.
5. State and prove the generalized nested interval theorem on complete metric space.
6. Prove that the metric space $\langle M, \rho \rangle$ is compact if and only if every sequence of points in M has a subsequence convergent to a point in M .
7. Verify Cauchy mean value theorem for $f(x) = \sin x$, $g(x) = \cos x$, $\frac{-\pi}{2} \leq x \leq 0$.

Section – C

Answer any one question (1 × 40 = 40)

8. a. Prove that the real valued function f is continuous at $a \in R'$ iff the inverse image under f of any open ball $B[f(a), r]$ about $f(a)$ contains open ball $B[a, \delta]$ about a .
b. Prove that the metric space with Heine Borel property is compact.
c. If $\langle M_1, \rho_1 \rangle$ and $\langle M_2, \rho_2 \rangle$ be two metric and $f: M_1 \rightarrow M_2$ then prove that f is continuous on M_1 if and only if $f^{-1}(F)$ is closed in M_1 when F is closed in M_2
(12+15+13)
9. a. If a function is continuous in a compact metric space then prove that the function is uniformly continuous.
b. State and Prove the necessary and sufficient condition for a function to be Riemann integrable
c. State and prove the second Fundamental theorem of calculus. (10+15+15)
