#### STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 086

(For candidates admitted during the academic year 2019-2020)

**SUBJECT CODE: 19MT/AC/MT35** 

## **B.Com. Degree Examination, November 2021**

#### THIRD SEMESTER

**COURSE: ALLIED CORE** 

: MATHEMATICS FOR COMMERCE

**: 3 HOURS TIME** 

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 100** 

### **SECTION-A** ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS $(3 \times 4 = 12)$

- 1. Prove that the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$  is orthogonal.
- 2. If  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are the roots of the equation  $x^3 5x^2 + 6x + 3 = 0$  then find the value of  $\frac{1}{\alpha^2 \beta^2} + \frac{1}{\beta^2 \gamma^2} + \frac{1}{\beta^2 \gamma^2}$
- 3. Write the characteristics of a standard linear programming problem.

### SECTION - B ANSWER ANY THREE OF THE FOLLOWING $(3 \times 16 = 48)$

- 4. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$  and hence find  $A^{-1}$ .
- 5. Solve the equation  $x^3 9x^2 + 14x + 24 = 0$  if two of whose roots are in the ratio 3: 2.
- 6. Find the real root of  $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$  to three places of decimals by Newton-Raphson method.
- 7. Find the value of  $\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{1}{9} + \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6}\right) \frac{1}{9^2} + \cdots + to \infty$

# SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY <u>ONE</u> OF THE FOLLOWING  $(1 \times 40 = 40)$ 

- 8. a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors for the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - b) Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Seidal method

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$$27x+6y-z=85$$

$$6x+15y+2z=72$$

$$x+y+54z=110$$
(20+20)

9. a) Solve

Minimize 
$$Z = 9x_1 + 10x_2$$
 
$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 50$$
 Subject to the constraints 
$$4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 24$$
 
$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 60$$
 
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- b) Form the equation one of whose root is  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}$ .
- c) Find the co-efficient of  $x^n$  in the expansion of  $\frac{(1+2x)}{e^x}$ . (25+10+5)

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