# STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI - 600086. <br> COURSE CODE: 19AF/MC/CF54 <br> B.COM A \& F DEGREE EXAMINATION - NOVEMBER 2021 <br> COMMERCE - SHIFT II 

COURSE : MAJOR - CORE
PAPER : COMPUTER AIDED FINANCIAL ANALYSIS
TIME : 3 HOURS
MAX. MARKS: 100

## SECTION - A

Answer all the questions:
$(4 \times 10=40)$

1. State Journalise the following transactions using Tally:

| 2017, Jan 1 | Started business with cash | Rs. 50,000 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Purchased goods from Sam | Rs. 50,000 |
| 2 | Sold goods to Ram for cash | Rs. 50,000 |
| 31 | Bought Furniture | Rs. 24,000 |
| 31 | Paid Rent | Rs. $8,000$. |

2. Create a spreadsheet like the one below. Enter all the numbers.

- Make the grid around the cells visible.
- Insert the title "Monthly Budget" and center and merge it.
- Change the font to Times New Roman, size 14.
- Make the text white and the fill black.
- Insert the subtitle "January 2021 - June 2021."
- Total the expenses at the bottom of each month.
- Widen columns if necessary so numbers can be seen.
- Find out the total expenses for each month
- Figure out the average for each row.

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 |  | January | February | March | April | May | June | Average |
| 2 | House Payment | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 |  |
| 3 | Charity | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |  |
| 4 | Groceries | 300 | 425 | 425 | 290 | 325 | 350 |  |
| 5 | Car Payment | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |  |
| 6 | Gasoline | 45 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 45 | 60 |  |
| 7 | Clothing | 100 | 75 | 60 | 50 | 100 | 85 |  |
| 8 | Utilities | 95 | 85 | 95 | 90 | 80 | 90 |  |
| 9 | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3. Using Excel, prepare a comparative income statement of Vinayaka Travels Ltd., for the years ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2020 and 2021 from the following:

|  | 2020 | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Rs. |  |
|  | 80,000 | $1,50,000$ |
| Purchases less returns | 20,000 | 50,000 |
| Other direct expenses | $1,80,000$ | $2,60,000$ |
| Sales | 20,000 | 25,000 |
| Office expenses | 10,000 | 15,000 |
| Selling expenses | 10,000 | 8,000 |
| Finance expenses | 40,000 | 12,000 |
| Profit |  |  |

4. (a) Calculate the future value of Rs. 40,000 invested now for a period of 4 years at a time preference rate of $10 \%$ (Use excel)
(b) Mr. Peter invests Rs. 1,00,000 in a bank at $10 \%$ for 5 years. Calculate the maturity Value if interest is compounded annually. Will he get more if interest is compounded half-yearly? (Use excel)

## Section B

Answer any three questions:
( $3 \times 20=60$ )
5. M From the following Trial Balance of M/s Sanjay and Keshav, you are required to prepare Trading, Profit and Loss account for the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2013 and Balance Sheet on that date after taking into account the following additional information:

| Debit Balances | Rs. | Credit Balances | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Opening Stock | 180000 | Sales | 525000 |
| Bills Receivable | 80000 | Rent | 22000 |
| Purchase | 240000 | Bills Payable | 78000 |
| Bad Debts | 20000 | Sundry Creditors | 100000 |
| Salary \& Wages | 24000 | Capital Account: |  |
| Discount | 9000 | Sanjay | 500000 |
| Carriage Inward | 12000 | Keshav | 300000 |
| Travelling | 13000 |  |  |
| Expenses | 38000 |  |  |
| Cash in Hand | 280000 |  |  |
| Furniture | 12000 |  |  |
| Insurance | 400000 |  |  |
| Land \& Building | 7000 |  |  |
| Postage \& |  |  |  |
| Telegram |  |  |  |
| Sundry Debtors | 210000 |  |  |
|  | 1525000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Adjustments:

- Insurance paid in advance Rs. 3,000
- Depreciation provided on Furniture at $10 \%$
- Salary and wages outstanding Rs. 6,000
- Rent received in advance Rs. 5,000
- Closing Stock as on 31.12.2013 Rs. 2,00,000

6. A company is considering an investment proposal to instal new milling controls. The project will cost Rs.50,000. The facility has a life expectancy of 5 years and no salvage value. The company tax rate is $35 \%$. The firm uses straight line depreciation. The estimated profits before tax from the proposed investment proposal are as follows:

## Year Profit Before Depreciation and Tax

1 Rs.10,000
2 Rs.11,000
3 Rs.14,000
4 Rs.15,000
5 Rs.25,000
Compute the following:

- Payback period
- Net present Value at $10 \%$ discount rate

7. (a) The productivity levels of a worker before and after a strike are believed to be dependent events. The weekly outputs of 10 workers before and after a strike are listed below. Test the null hypothesis that productivity remains unchanged against the alternative that it has increased at 5\% level of significance:
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Worker } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10\end{array}$
Output
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { before strike } & 85 & 90 & 88 & 79 & 95 & 86 & 89 & 85 & 91 & 84\end{array}$
Output
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { after strike } & 91 & 91 & 87 & 88 & 98 & 94 & 93 & 80 & 90 & 90\end{array}$
(b) A product is classified as 1 st, $2 \mathrm{nd}, 3 \mathrm{rd}$ and 4 th grade. The past performance of the plant shows that the respective proportions are 8:4:2:1. As a check on the run of the plant, 600 parts were examined and classified as follows:

| Grade | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 340 | 130 | 100 | 30 | 600 |

Is there any evidence of a change in production standard?
8. The following table gives the aptitude test scores and productivity indices of 10 workers selected at random:

| Aptitude Index | 60 | 62 | 65 | 70 | 72 | 48 | 53 | 73 | 65 | 82 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Productivity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Calculate the two regression equations and estimate the productivity index of a worker whose test score is 92 .

