# STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086

## (For candidates admitted from the academic year 2019 - 20)

## SUBJECT CODE: 19MT/PC/PD34

## **M. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

## **BRANCH I - MATHEMATICS**

#### **THIRD SEMESTER**

**COURSE : CORE** 

# **PAPER : PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS** TIME: 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> HOURS

MAX. MARKS: 50

## **SECTION – A**

#### ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

- 1. When can you say two partial differential equations f(x, y, z, p, q) = 0 and g(x, y, z, p, q) = 0are compatible?
- 2. Define the Dirac delta function.

## **SECTION – B**

#### ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS $(2 \times 6 = 12)$

3. If a characteristic strip contains at least one integral element of F(x, y, z, p, q) = 0, then prove that it is

an integral strip of the equation  $F(x, y, z, z_x, z_y) = 0$ .

- 4. Explain briefly about boundary conditions and its three types.
- 5. Obtain the solution of the wave equation  $u_{tt=}c^2u_{xx}$  under the conditions (i) u(0,t) = u(2,t) = 0(ii)  $u(x, 0) = sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{2}$  (iii)  $u_t(x, 0) = 0$ .

# **SECTION - C**

#### ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS $(2 \times 17 = 34)$

- 6. a) Find the integral surface of the linear partial differential equation xp + yq = z which contains the circle defined by  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  and x + y + z = 2. (9) (8)
  - b) State and solve the Neumann problem for a rectangle.
- 7. a) Show that the only integral surface of the equation  $2q(z px qy) = 1 + q^2$  which is circumscribed about the paraboloid  $2x = y^2 + z^2$  is the enveloping cylinder which touches it along its section by the plane y + 1 = 0. (9)
  - b) Derive three dimensional Laplace's equation in cartesian coordinates. (8)
- 8.a) Solve the one-dimensional diffusion equation in the region  $0 \le x \le \pi$ ,  $t \ge 0$ subject to the conditions (i) T remains finite as  $t \to \infty$  (ii) T = 0, if x = 0 and  $x = \pi$  for all t

(iii) At 
$$t = 0, T = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x, & \frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \pi \end{cases}$$
 (8)

b) Derive one dimensional wave equation.

(9)