STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2019 – 20 & thereafter) B.SC. DEGREE EXAMINATION, April 2021 BRANCH I – MATHEMATICS SUBJECT CODE: 19MT/AC/MP25

PAPER: MATHEMATICS FOR PHYSICS-II TIME : 90 minutes

MAX. MARKS: 50

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$

Section – A

Answer *all* questions

- 1. Prove that $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.
- 2. Find $L[t^3 3t^2 + 2]$.
- 3. Define the probable error of the coefficient of correlation.

Section – B

Answer any *three* questions

- 4. Show that $\int_0^\infty x e^{-x^8} dx \int_0^\infty x^2 e^{-x^4} dx = \frac{\pi}{16\sqrt{2}}$.
- 5. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using trapezoidal rule with h = 0.2. Hence determine the value of π .
- 6. By changing the order of integration evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{2\sqrt{ax}} x^2 dx dy$.
- 7. Write a note on scatter diagram and its uses.

Section – C

Answer any *one* question

8. (a) From the following data obtain the first and second derivatives of $y = \log_e x$ at x = 500

x	500	510	520	530	540	550
$y = \log_e x$	6.2146	6.2344	6.2538	6.2729	6.2916	6.3099

Also calculate the actual values of the derivatives at these points.

(b) Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 4$$
 subject to $y = 2$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$ when $x = 0$.

(10 + 10)

9. (a) Evaluate $\iint (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ over the region for which x, y are each ≥ 0 and $x + y \le 1$.

1 1

Sensitivity: Internal & Restricted

(b) Find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following data:

Wages:	100	101	102	102	100	99	97	98	96	95
Cost of	98	99	99	97	95	92	95	94	90	91
living:										

(10+10)
