STELLA MARIS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI 600 086 (For candidates admitted during the academic year 2016-17& thereafter)

SUBJECT CODE: 16VF/VM/AT46

B.Voc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021 FOOD PROCESSING AND QUALITY CONTROL.

COURSE: MAJOR COREPAPER: ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES IN FOOD QUALITY ASSURANCETIME: 90 MINUTESMAX. MARKS:50 MARKS

SECTION – A

(20 X 1 = 20)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS:

I Choose the Correct answer:

- 1. Beer's law states that the intensity of light decreases with respect to______
 - a. Concentration b. Distance c. Composition d. Volume
- 2. The unit of absorbance which can be derived from Beer Lambert's law_____
 - a. L mol-1 cm-1 b. L gm-1 cm-1 c. Cm d. None of the above
- 3. Chromatography is a physical method that is used to separate and analyse_____
 - a. Simple mixtures b. Complex mixtures c. Viscous mixtures d. Metals
- 4. In Flame emission photometers, the measurement of ______is used for qualitative analysis.
 - a. Colour b. Intensity c. Velocity d. Frequency
- 5. Abbes refractometer is a ______ type of refractometer.
 - a. Handheld b. Benchtop c. Traditional d. None of the above

II Fill in the blanks:

- The substance moisture exerts equilibrium vapour pressure equals to vapour pressure of liquid is _____
- 7. Softener is used for removal of _____.
- 8. The most widely used technique for determining the concentration of biochemical compounds is _____.
- Using Chromatogram as detector in Chromatography, a graph is obtained between ______ and time.
- 10. Laminar flow burner used in Flame photometers is also known as _____

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III State whether True or False:

- 11. Colorimeters are used in applications where great accuracy is required.
- 12. Chromatography cannot be used to purify volatile substances.
- 13. The stationary phase could be a viscous liquid coated over a surface of solid particles.
- 14. Phototubes are more sensitive than photovoltaic cells.
- 15. Sodium chloride has a higher water activity than sucrose.

IV Answer in a sentence:

- 16. Galvanometer
- 17. Monochromator
- 18. Carrier Gas
- 19. Specific Gravity
- 20. TDS

$SECTION - B \qquad (6 \times 3 = 18)$

ANSWER ANY SIX QUESTIONS:

- 21. Depict the process flow of flame photometer with a diagram
- 22. Difference between BOD and COD.
- 23. List out the importance of water in food processing
- 24. Explain the principle and applications of spectrophotometer.
- 25. How does water quality monitoring have an impact on food safety? Explain.
- 26. Give a block diagram for instrumentation and working of UV spectrophotometer
- 27. Explain the principle and applications of column chromatography
- 28. What is use of benchtop refractometer? Explain
- 29. Explain the procedure for estimation of moisture content
- 30. Explain the method used to estimate the hardness of water.

SECTION – C $(2 \times 6 = 12)$

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:

- 31. Give an experimental procedure for estimation of Vitamin A.
- 32. Explain the principle working and application of paper chromatography.
- 33. Explain the principle and instrumentation of fluorimetry and also give the procedure for estimation of thiamine.
- 34. Give in detail the principle and working of flame photometry and explain the procedure for estimation of sodium.