

B. Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019
BRANCH V (a) – PLANT BIOLOGY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY
FIFTH SEMESTER

COURSE : MAJOR – CORE
PAPER : ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY
TIME : 3 HOURS **MAX.MARKS:100**

SECTION –A

(18x1=18 marks)

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

(10x1= 10)

- 1) The first stage of EIA is called
a) mitigation b) scoping c) reviewing d) screening e) reporting
- 2) Phenology refers to
a) floristic composition b) stratification c) periodicity
d) life-forms e) cover
- 3) If 4 species of *Leucas aspera* occur in 8 sample plots, out of a total of 16 sample plots studied, the abundance of *Leucas aspera* is
a) 0.50 b) 1.00 c) 0.25 d) 0.75 e) 1.50
- 4) The method used to sample a plant community where there is a gradual change in vegetation and in environmental conditions is the _____ method.
a) quadrat b) transect c) loop d) point e) mapping
- 5) The increase in the concentration of pesticides within the organism is called
a) biomagnifications b) bioaccumulation c) bioleaching
d) bioremediation e) biocide
- 6) The maximum permissible concentration of a toxicant which does not cause any perceptible damage to the organism is called
a) MATC b) NOEC c) MTC d) TCCR e) TLC
- 7) A pycnometer is used for measuring the specific gravity of
a) quartz b) water c) kerosene d) soil e) gasoline
- 8) Lead accumulates in the
a) kidney b) liver c) bones d) fat e) intestines
- 9) The base line for Cryptophytes is
a) 26% b) 9% c) 6% d) 46 % e) 13%
- 10) The Bhopal Gas Tragedy of 1984 was caused by the leakage of
a) MTT b) MFT c) MIC d) MDT e) MTC

II. TRUE/FALSE

(4x1=4)

- 11) The substance detected by the biosensor is called analyte.
- 12) Rhizofiltration is seen in grass..
- 13) Dose- Response assessment is the second step in Risk Assessment.
- 14) EMP is the executive summary of EIA.

III. MATCH THE FOLLOWING**(4x1=4)**

15) Phanerophytes	6%
16) Chamaephytes	46%
17) Hemicryptophytes	9%
18) Therophytes	26%
	13%

IV. ANSWER ANY SIX IN 50 WORDS:**(6 x 3=18)**

- 19) Density
- 20) Loop Method
- 21) Acute Toxicity
- 22) Biosensors
- 23) Stratification
- 24) Bioaccumulation
- 25) Risk Characterization
- 26) Scoping
- 27) Composite Sampling

SECTION - B**V. ANSWER ANY 4 OUT OF 6 QUESTIONS IN 200 WORDS EACH:****(4 x 6=24)**

- 28) Give an account of the biotransformation of DDT.
- 29) Write a short note on the point method of sampling.
- 30) Explain the phenomenon of biomagnification.
- 31) Trace the biodegradation of PCP using microbes.
- 32) Mention the strategies of phytoremediation.
- 33) Describe environmental quality monitoring of air.

SECTION - C**VII. ANSWER ANY 2 OUT OF 4 QUESTIONS IN 1000 WORDS EACH:****(2 x 20=40)**

- 34) Discuss the stages of EIA
- 35) Explain Raunkaier's Biological Spectrum.
- 36) Describe the process of Risk Assessment
- 37) Highlight the role of bioindicators in biomonitoring.
